# ANNUAL REPORT & ACCOUNTS 2016-17



## MJSJ COAL LIMITED

(A Subsidiary of Mahanadi Coalfields Limited)
Regd. Office: House No.42, 1st Floor, Anand Nagar,
Hakimpara, Angul(ORISSA)

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#### MISI COAL LIMITED

House No.42, 1st Floor, Anand Nagar, Hakimpara, Angul-759153 Ph. No. 06760-261094, Fax- 06760-261184

Ref. No. MJSJ/CEO/CS/AGM-9/2017/0106/ 01

Date:01.06.2017

# 9<sup>th</sup> ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 9th Annual General Meeting of members of MJSJ Coal Limited will be held at 03.00 P.M. on Thursday the 29<sup>th</sup> June, 2017 at the Registered Office of the Company, House No.42, 1st Floor, Anand Nagar, Hakimpara, Angul-759143 to transact the following business:

#### **Ordinary Business:**

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the audited accounts for the financial year 2016-17, Report of the Auditors thereon and Directors' Report.
- 2. To sanction remuneration, as decided by the Board, payable to M/s M.K.Swain & Associates, Chartered Accountants, Talcher, the Statutory Auditors who were appointed by the C&AG of India for the Financial Year, 2016-17 and to that effect pass the following resolution.

"RESOLVED that pursuant to the provisions of Section 142(1) & (2) and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, the sanction be and is hereby accorded for payment of remuneration and reimbursement of T.A. & out of pocket expenses as decided by the Board of Directors to M/s M.K.Swain & Associates, Chartered Accountants, Talcher., the Sattutory Auditors in connection with the audit of accounts of the Company for the financial year 2016-17."

By order of the Board of Directors For MJSJ Coal Limited

Sd/(S. Rout)
Company Secretary/Dy.Manager(Finance)

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE:**

House No.42, 1st Floor, Anand Nagar, Hakimpara, Angul-759153

#### NOTE:-

- 01. A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote instead of himself and the proxy need not be a member of the Company. Corporate members intending to send their Authorized Representatives to attend the meeting are requested to send a certified copy of the Board Resolution authorizing their representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the meeting.
- 02. The Shareholders are requested to give their consent for calling the Annual General Meeting at a shorter notice pursuant to the Provisions under section 101(1)of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **MEMBERS**

- 1) Mahanadi Coalfields Limited, Jagruti Vihar, Burla, Sambalpur-768020. (Atten: Company Secretary, MCL, Sambalpur)
- 2) JSW Steel Limited, Jindal Mansion, 5-A, Dr. G. Desmukh Marg, Mumbai-400026. (Atten: Company Secretary, JSW Steel Ltd., Mumbai)
- 3) JSW Energy Ltd., Jindal Mansion, 5-A, Dr. G. Desmukh Marg, Mumbai-400026. (Atten: Company Secretary, JSW Energy Ltd., Mumbai)
- 4) JSL Limited, Jindal Centre, 12, Bhikaji Cama Place, New Delhi-110066. (Atten: Company Secretary, JSL Ltd., New Delhi)
- 5) Shyam Metallics and Energy Limited, "Trinity Towers", 7th Floor, 83, Topsia Road, Kolkata-700046.(Atten: Company Secretary, Shyam Metallics and Energy Limited., Kolkata)

#### **Auditors**

- 1. Ms Ms M.K.Swain & Associates, Chartered Accountants, Talcher, Odisha-759116
- 2. Principal Director, Office of the Principal Director of Commercial Audit and Ex-Officio Member, Audit Board II, Old Nizam Place, 234/4 Acharya Jagadish Ch. Bose Road, Kolkata 700 020.

#### All Directors, MJSJ Coal Limited

# **MANAGEMENT DURING 2016-17**

- 1. Sri A.K.Tiwari, Chairman & D (T)/Operation, MCL.(Retd.)
- 2. Sri K.K. Parida, Chairman & D(F), MCL.
- 3. Sri O.P.Singh, D(T/P&P), MCL.
- 4. Sri S.Ashraf , Dy. Secretary, MOC, New Delhi.
- 5. Sri D.Bhattacharjee, R.D, RI-VII, CMPDI.
- 6. Sri Sandeep Gokhale, JSW Steel Ltd.
- 7. Sri Vinayk Bhat, JSW Energy Ltd.
- 8. Sri Sakti Brata Dasgupta, Shyam Metallic & Energy Limited.
- 9. Sri Rajdeep Mohanty, Jindal Stainless Ltd.
- 10. Sri S.S.Upadhyay, Jindal Stainless Ltd

# PRESENT MANAGEMENT

(As on Dt: 29.06.2017)

- 1. Sri K.K. Parida, Chairman & D(F), MCL.
- 2. Sri O.P.Singh, D(T/P&P), MCL.
- 3. Sri S.Ashraf , Dy. Secretary, MOC, New Delhi.
- 4. Sri D.Bhattacharjee, R.D, RI-VII, CMPDI.
- 5. Sri Sandeep Gokhale, JSW Steel Ltd.
- 6. Sri Vinayk Bhat, JSW Energy Ltd.
- 7. Sri Sakti Brata Dasgupta, Shyam Metallic & Energy Limited.
- 8. Sri S.S.Upadhyay, Jindal Stainless Ltd

#### CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER / G.M.

Sri S.N. Sinha

# COMPANY SECRETARY/ DY. MANAGER (FINANCE)

Sri Satyaban Rout

### **BANKERS**

- 1. State Bank of India, Talcher.
- 2. Axis Bank, Talcher.

### STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s M.K.SWAIN & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
H/O - Somanath Praharaj2<sup>nd</sup> Floor,
Satichoura Road Chandinichow, Cuttack-753002

### SECRETARIAL AUDITORS

M/s N C NAYAK & CO Company Secretaries HIG-115,1<sup>ST</sup> Floor, Dharma Vihar, Khandagiri, Bhubaneswar-751030

### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

House No.42, 1st Floor, Anand Nagar Hakimpada, Angul-759143

#### **DIRECTORS REPORT**

To, The Shareholders MJSJ Coal Ltd.

#### Gentlemen,

I have great pleasure in welcoming to the 9<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of MJSJ Coal Limited. On behalf of the board of Directors, I am presenting you the Annual Report of your company together with the Audited Accounts (Ind AS Financial Statements) for the year ending of March'2017 along with the report of statutory auditors and the comments of the Controller and Auditor General of India.

Your company has carried out all the activities as per schedule till the cancellation of UTKAL-A coal block by Supreme Court of India on 24.9.2014

#### I:-Status of project implementation:-

PROJECT REPORT: Capacity 15 Mty-approved by MCL Board in February' 2008 in both Coal and Ob outsourcing variant. Sanctioned capital is Rs. 395.87 Crs. However the Utkal –A block which is part of combined block of Gopalprasad OCP to be worked by MJSJ Coal Ltd is cancelled by Honorable Supreme Court vide its order dt: 24/09/2014.

- APPROVED MINNG PLAN: Approval in the name of MJSJ Coal Limited has been received on 23/04/09.
- FOREST LAND DIVERSION PROPOSAL (FLDP): The job is outsourced to M/s. Geo Consultant Pvt. Limited.
  - a) Forest Area demarcation and tree enumeration is completed.
  - b) Compensatory Afforestation: Site identification & demarcation is completed. Site Inspection by DFO, Angul is completed.

- c) Further as per Forest Right Act, Gram Sabha in all ten villages have been completed. SDLC was held on 27<sup>th</sup> April & NOC has been issued by Collector Angul.
- d) As per new guideline of MOEF, New Delhi, the digitization of the forest land is mandatory. The digitized map is to be authenticated by the ORSAC, BBSR. The DGPS Survey which is mandatory for obtaining forest clearance has been completed and the DGPS plans of the forest area have been approved by ORSAC & DFO Angul.

#### II:-Environmental Management Plan:-

- a) Finalization of Terms of Reference (TOR) by MOEF, Delhi on DEC' 2008: Draft EMP-EIA submitted to SPCB, Orissa on 17-08-2009. **Application** along with fee of Rs. 3Lacs was deposited to SPCB on 17.08.2009 for consent to establish mine. Final EMP submitted to MOEF. Presentation before EAC of MOEF was made on 29.03.2011 for EC based on TOR. Further presentation before EAC of MOEF was made on 09.01.2013 for EC based on TOR. In its meeting held at New Delhi on 09/01/2013 the EAC has recommended for grant of EC on 05/11/2013. As the forest clearance stage-I could not be obtained till date, the recommendation of EAC for grant of EC stands invalid as more than one year has elapsed since then.
- Wildlife Conservation: The report has been approved by the DFO and the report has been forwarded to the RCCF, Angul. The wild life management plan has been approved by PCCF,(WL), Govt. of Odisha.

c) Socio-Economic study: The final report of socio-economic study has been submitted to the Collectorate, Angul. The same has been approved by RPDAC of MCL.

#### **III:-LAND ACQUISITION:**

a) West Gopal Prasad West: The land has been acquired under CBA (A&D) Act'1957 in the name of MCL.

 4(1)
 30.06.2003

 7(1)
 15.10.2004

 9(1)
 20.01.2007

 11(1)
 25.09.2007

b) Utkal "A": The land acquisition is at its final phase as:

4(1) - 26.03.2011 7(1) - 11.04.2012 9(1) - 01.02.2013

11(1) - Application submitted to MOC on 13.02.2013.

The Land is vested to MJSJ on 29.10.2013

- c) Land Acquisition for other infrastructure: Land measuring an area of 50.351 Ha to be acquired under LA Act for other infrastructure was approved in 17th Board Meeting of MJSJ. After approval of MOC, the same has been forwarded to Collector, Angul by MOC for further action on 12.03.2012. As desired by the Special LAO, MCL, Angul, all the requisites have been submitted. The proposal has been returned by LAO, Angul with a direction to submit a fresh proposal as per new land Acquisition Act'2013.
- d) TENANCY LAND:-This portion of Land has been acquired onder CBA Act. and structure measurement completed in village Bhalugadia & Bhaghuabol. The villagers Kankarai & Pirakhaman were not allowing for structure measurement till decision of their employment is finalized. Several meetings have taken

place among MCL, Dist. Administration and the PAPs. Earlier, the PAPs were demanding job from MCL only, but after numerous meetings they opined that in case of early closure of the mine, the residual land outsees who would still be in the service, be given employment in the MCL mines.

The matter was put up in the 24<sup>th</sup> meeting of Board of Directors of MJSJ Coal limited, and the Board deliberated on the subject highlighted, and thereafter considered and passed the following resolutions:

- a) "RESOLVED THAT the entire liability towards continuance of services of land oustees till their superannuation will be fully borne/ reimbursed by MJSJ Coal Ltd. and to that effect it has been agreed to give a corporate guarantee to MCL.
- b) "RESOLVED FURTHER that, backto-back counter guarantee would be obtained from the respective promoter shareholders towards the liability to land oustees till their superannuation.
- c) "RESOLVED FURTHER that MCL would be requested to assure the Land Oustees that all wages and perks till their superannuation shall be as per norms of MCL. The total expenditure towards wages and perks shall be borne by individual shareholders as per the Corporate Guarantees given by them.
- d) "RESOLVED FURTHER that annuity scheme implemented for MCL shall be given by MJSJ Coal Limited in case of winding up of company from that date.

The Board directed The CEO MJSJ Coal Limited to forward this decision of Board to MCL for further consideration. Now, the matter has been put up before MCL for their decision.

- e) Govt. LAND PREMIUM:- Govt. land premium amounting to Rs. 32, 83, 75, 998/- (Rupees Thirty-two Crores, Eighty-three lakhs, seventy-five thousand, nine hundred ninety- eighty) only has been deposited to the State Govt. and the Physical possession of an area of 423.445 acres have been taken.
- R&R site: R&R site measuring 89.48 Acres Govt. land in village Kankarai & Balichandrapur has been approved by RDC, Sambalpur and also by RPDAC held on 09.11.12 & the same has been forwarded to Tahasildar, Chhendipada for further necessary action. Tahasildar, Chhendipada sent a letter to concerned RI for field verification report on 15.07.2011. RI has submitted the report to Tahasildar on 01.11.2011. Tahasildar has sent a letter to DFO, Angul for tree valuation enumeration -.& 16.11.2011. A general notice also has been sent to village Kankarai & Balichandrapur on 16.11.2011 as a part procedure. The normal enumeration is done by Range Officer, Chhendipada is invalid as the Govt. land falls under Purunagarh Range Office. Follow up action with RO. Purunagarh is being done.
- RAILWAY SIDING: In the 19<sup>th</sup> Board Meeting, it was decided to initiate the feasibility study for Rail Infrastructure by RITES through MCL. The decision has been communicated to GM (Civil), MCL for further necessary action. The awarding process is being taken up by MCL.
- h) WELFARE ACTIVITIES: The welfare and social amenities like housing, water

supply, medical facilities, education, Training and recreation facilities etc. are being provided by MCL to the staff and executive of MJSJ Coal Limited.

- i) PERIPHERAL DEVELOPMENT

  ACTIVITIES: All the peripheral development activities and social cooperate responsibility under the guidance of the State Govt. have been carried out by MCL presently on behalf of MISI Coal Limited.
- j) NALLAH DIVERSION :- Technical committee constituted by Water Resource Department of Govt. Of Odisha visited the site & prepared the report. Finally the report has been put up to the Honb'l Minister of Department for the final approval.

#### IV: FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES:

MJSJ Coal Limited is now in development stage. Hence, all the revenue expenditures during the financial year 2016-17 have been transferred to "Development"head and shown as "Capital Work in Progress" (Note- 4) in the Balance Sheet as on 31.03.2017. The total under above head is lakh (towards drilling. Rs.2105.64 and and other costs) exploration Rs.1531.92 lakh ( shown as "Exploration and Evaluation Asset" Note-5) as drilling cost of 22529.65 Mtrs.

The company has opened its Current Account No.30533665105 in State Bank of India, Talcher on 21.10.2008. & also current of Axis Bank. The company has bank balance of Rs.2388.72 lakh as on 31.03.2015 in CLTD/ Current Account.

#### V:- BANK GUARANTEE:-

The company has submitted a Bank Guarantee bearing No.47/03 issued by State Bank of India, Talcher, for an amount of Rs 111.24 Crores in favour of The President of India, acting through Ministry of Coal, Shastri Bhavan, New Delhi which

was being renewed on regular basis and has been submitted under protest, since MJSJ Coal Ltd. is a Government Company. Later on BG amount was reduced to Rs 22.14 Crs. vide order of Delhi High Court since 01/10/2015 and is being renewed on regular basis and submitted (Extension of validity of present BG upto 30th Sept, 2017)

#### VI:- AUDITORS

Under Section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the following Audit Firm has been appointed as Auditors for the year 2016-17.

#### **Statutory Auditors**

M/s M.K.SWAIN & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
H/O – Somanath Praharaj2<sup>nd</sup> Floor,
Satichoura Road Chandinichow, Cuttack753002

#### VII :- FIXED DEPOSITS:

Your Company has not accepted any deposit from the Public during the year as defined under Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under.

#### **PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES:**

Particulars of employees as required under Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Particulars of Employees), Rules, 1975, as amended are not given as your Company has not paid any remuneration attracting these provisions.

#### **VIII: BOARD MEETINGS:**

Four Board Meetings were held during the year 2016-17.

#### IX:-BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

- 01. The following persons are the Directors during the year under report.
  - i. Shri A.K.Tiwari
  - ii. Shri K.K.Parida
  - iii. Shri O.P.Singh

- iv. Shri S.Ashraf
- v. Shri D.Bhattacharjee
- vi. Shri Rajdeep Mohanty.
- vii. Shri S.S.Upadhyay
- viii. Shri Sandeep Gokhale
- ix. Shri Vinayak Bhat
- x. Shri Sakti Brata Dasgupta
- 02. The following person, appointed as Director during the year under report.
  - i. Shri O.P.Singh
  - ii. Shri S.S.Upadhyay.
- 03. The following person ceased to be Director during the year under report.
  - i. Shri A.K.Tiwari
  - ii. Shri Rajdeep Mohanty.

# X :- DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

Pursuant to the requirement under section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to Directors' Responsibility Statement, it is hereby confirmed.

- (i) That in the preparation of the annual accounts(Ind AS Financial Statements) for the financial year ended 31st March,2017, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures:
- (ii) That the directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that were reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the Company for the year under review.
- (iii) That the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act.2013 for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregular arties:

the financial year ended 31st March, 2017 on a 'going concern' basis

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:**

Your Directors also thank MCL for their cooperation and help rendered in all aspects to MJSJ Coal Ltd.

Your directors thank the District administration and the villagers for their cooperation in land acquisition.

(iv) That the directors had prepared the Your Directors thank the trade unions for their accounts (Ind AS Financial Statements) for cooperation to the management of MJSJ Coal

Your directors also record their appreciation of the services rendered by the auditors, the officers and staff of Comptroller and Auditor General of India and Registrar of Companies Odisha.

Chairman, MJSJ Coal Ltd

Place: Angul Date: 29.06.2017

#### **CONFIDENTIAL**



OFFICE OF THE PRINCIPAL DIRECTOR OF COMMERCIAL AUDIT & EX-OFFICIO MEMBER AUDIT BOARD - II, KOLKATA Old Nizam Palace, 23414, Acharya Jagadish Chandra Bose Road, Kolkata- 700 020

Data	
Date	************************

To The Chairman, MJSJ Coal Limited, House No. 42, 1 st Floor, Anand Nagar, Hakimpara P.O. Angul-759153 Orissa.

Sub: Comments of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India under Section 143(6)(b)of the Companies Act, 2013 on the Accounts of MJSJ Coal Limited for the year ended 31 March 2016.

Sir,

I forward herewith the Comments of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India under 143(6)(b) of the Companies Act, 2013 on the Accounts of MJSJ Coal Limited for the year ended 31 March 2016.

The receipt of this letter may please be acknowledged.

Yours faithfully,

(Praveer Kumar)

Kolkata, Dated:14.06.2016

> PRINCIPAL DIRECTOR OF COMMERCIAL AUDIT AND EX-OFFICIO MEMBER, AUDIT BOARD - II <u>KOLKATA</u>

Enel: As stated

MJSJ COAL LTD.

COMMENTS OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 143(6) (b) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF MJSJ COAL LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

The preparation of financial statements of MJSJ Coal Limited for 'the year ended 31 March 2016 in accordance with the financial reporting framework prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 (Act) is the responsibility of the management of the company. The statutory auditor appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under section 139 (5) of the Act is responsible for expressing opinion on the financial statements under section 143 of the Act based on independent audit in accordance with the standards on auditing prescribed under section 143 (10) of the Act. This is stated to have been done by them vide their Audit Report dated 30.04.2016

I, on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, have decided not to conduct the supplementary audit of the financial statements of MJSJ Coal Limited for the year ended 31 March 2016 under section 143 (6) (a) of the Act.

For and on behalf of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India

(Reena Saha)
PRINCIPAL DIRECTOR OF COMMERCIAL AUDIT AND EXOFFICIO MEMBER, AUDIT BOARD - II KOLKATA

Place: Kolkata Dated: 14.06.2016

# M.K. Swain & Associates Chartered Accountants

H/O Somanath Praharaj 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Satichoura Road Chandinichowk, Cuttack-E-mail:ssm2709@gmail.com

Annexure-1

**COMPANY: MJSJ COAL LIMITED** 

FINANCIAL YEAR : 2016 - 17

Report pursuant to revised directions issued by office of C & AG u/s 143(5) of the Companies Act.2013.

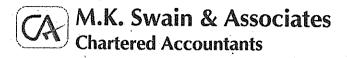
SL NO.	DIRECTIONS	STATUTORY AUDITOR'S REPLY	
1.	Whether the company has clear title/ lease deeds for freehold and leasehold respectively? If not ,please state the area of freehold and leasehold land for which title/ lease deeds are not available?	The company has clear title/ lease deeds for freehold and leasehold lands.	
2.	Whether there are any cases of waiver/ write – off of debt/loans/interest etc. If yes, the reasons therefor and the amount involved.	As per information given to us, there was no case of waiver of debts/ loans/interest etc. during the year of Audit.	
3.	Whether proper records are maintained for inventories lying with third parties & assets received as gift from Govt. or other authorities.		
		As informed to us the company has not received any gift from Govt. or other authorities.	

For M.K.Swain & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 323045E

Cuttack:

Date: 28.04.2017

CA. Manoj Kumar Swain Partner M.No: 057573



H/O Somanath Praharaj 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Satichoura Road Chandinichowk, Cuttack-E-mail:ssm2709@gmail.com

#### **COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE**

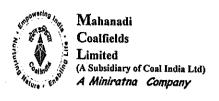
We have conducted the audit of accounts of M/s MJSJ Coal Limited, Angul for the year ended 31st March'2017 in accordance with the directions/sub-directions issued by the C & AG of India under section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and certify that, We have complied with all the directions/sub-directions issued to us.

Cuttack:

Date: 28.04.2017

For M.K.Swain & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 323045E

CA. Manoj Kumar Swain Partner M.No: 057573





#### MJSJ COAL LIMITED

(A GOVERNMENT OF INDIA UNDERTAKING)
(A Subsidiary of Mahanadi Coal India Ltd)
OFFICE OF THE CEO/GM

At./P.O. Balanda, Dist. Angul, Orissa – 759116 Tel No. 0674-260051 & 260948, Fax No. : 261184 E.mail : ceomisicoal@yahoo.in

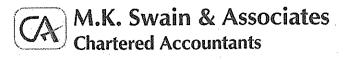
Ref. No.: CEO/MJSJ/Finance/C & AG/Audit - 2016-17/2904/2

Date: 29.04.2017

Reply of Management to the observations made u/s - 143(5) of the Companies Act 2013 for the financial year: 2016-17.

The management agree on the observation made on the report of statutory auditor u/s 143(5) of the companies act.

Company Secretary MJSJ COAL LTD.



H/O Somanath Praharaj 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Satichoura Road, Chandinichowk, Cuttack-753002 E-mail:ssm2709@gmail.com

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

# To the Members of MJSJ COAL LIMITED Report on the Ind AS Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of MJSJ COAL LIMITED ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information(herein after referred to as 'Ind AS Financial Statements').

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards (Ind AS)specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's

the comparison with the comparison of the compar

judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances ,but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the company has in place an adequate internal financial control system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Ind AS financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind As financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2017 and its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Emphasis of Matters**

We draw attention to the following matters in the Notes to the Ind AS financial statements:

Out of Rs.111.24 crores furnished by the company as Bank Guarantee in favour of the President of India through the Ministry of Coal, a sum of Rs.22.248 crores representing 20% is being proposed to be deducted vide Ministry of Coal Letter No. F.No.47011/7(6)/93-CPAM/CA dated 9th July ,2013. This deduction is proposed to be made in view of the Company not being able to meet the targeted production by the specified/extended time limit.

Our Opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

#### Other Matter

Rs 60,72,670.00 has been paid by the Company on 23.12.2016 as Income Tax Demand with interest for the A.Y.2014-15 under dispute and an appeal has been preferred against the demand. However no provision is made in the books in respect of such due.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required under section 143(5) of the Companies Act 2013, we give in Annexure-1 to this report, a statement on the directions, issued by the comptroller and auditor general of India after complying the suggested methodology of audit, the actions taken thereon and its impact on the accounts & Ind AS financial statements of the company.
- ii) As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure -2 to this report, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the said order.

- iii) As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that :
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) in our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - c) the balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss and the cash flow statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - d) in our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
  - e) on the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2017 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2017 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
  - f) with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure-3"
  - g) The Company has provided requisite disclosure in its Ind AS financial statements as to holdings as well as dealings in specified bank notes during the period from 8thNovember 2016 to 30th December 2016 and these are in accordance with the books of accounts maintained by the company refer to Note -14 to the Ind As financial statements.

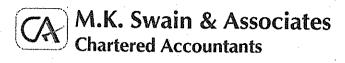
For M.K.Swain & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 323045E

Cuttack:

Date: 28.04.2017

CA. Manoj Kumar Swain Partner

M.No: 057573



H/O Somanath Praharaj 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Satichoura Road Chandinichowk, Cuttack-E-mail:ssm2709@gmail.com

Annexure - 2 to the Auditors' Report

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017, we report that:

#### A) In respect of Fixed Assets:

The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets on the basis of available information. As explained to us, Fixed assets of the company have been physically verified by the management during the financial year, which in our opinion is reasonable having regards to the size of the company and nature of its assets.

The title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the company.

#### B) In respect of Inventories:

The Company has no stock of stores, spare parts and raw materials during the year. Hence physical verification by management is not conducted during the year.

#### C) Loans and Advances to parties covered under section 189 of the companies act, 2013:

No Loans and advances to parties covered under section 189 of the companies act, 2013 has been given during the year, hence

- a) Not Applicable
- b) Not Applicable
- c) Not Applicable

#### D) Loans, Investments, Guarantees and Security:

In respect of loans, investments, guarantees and security the section 185 and 186 of the companies act, 2013 have been complied with.

#### E) Accepting Deposits from Public:

According to information and explanation given to us the company has not accepted any deposits from public, therefore this clause is not applicable to the company.

# F) Maintenance of cost records under section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013: Not Applicable.

#### G) In respect of statutory dues:

- a) As the company has no direct staff except employees on deputation from MCL, the deduction and deposit of provident fund dues is not applicable during the year. Further as the company has not started production and sale during the year, no statutory dues is payable to the Govt.
- b) The company is capitalizing all its revenue income and expenditure under the head assets under development since it has not commenced its commercial production. Therefore

interest earned on FDR with Bank is also capitalized. However Income Tax Department is considering it as a revenue income and thus the matter is pending before the Appellate Authority of Income Tax Department.

- H) Default in Repayment of Loans taken from Bank or Financial Institution:
  The company has not taken any loans from any Banks or Financial Institution, hence this clause is not applicable.
- I) Moneys raised by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments and term loans were applied for the purpose of which those are raised):

  The company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments and term loans, hence this clause is not applicable.
- J) Reporting of Fraud during the Year (Nature and Amount): According to the information and explanation given to us, no fraud on or by the company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- K) Managerial Remuneration:
  The company has not paid any managerial remuneration during the year.

attending proceeding to and to come a great a great and account many in a great and a comment

- L) Provision related to Nidhi Company: Not Applicable.
- M) Related party transaction in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013: According to the information and explanation given to us, there is no transaction with related party during the year.
- N) Preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or convertible debentures during the year:
   The company has not made any Preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the reporting period.
- O) Non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him:

  The company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him during the reporting period.
- P) Registration under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934: Not Applicable.

For M.K.Swain & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 323045E

Cuttack:

Date: 28.04.2017

CA. Manoj Kumar Swain Partner M.No: 057573

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind As financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2017 and its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Emphasis of Matters**

We draw attention to the following matters in the Notes to the Ind AS financial statements:

Out of Rs.111.24 crores furnished by the company as Bank Guarantee in favour of the President of India through the Ministry of Coal, a sum of Rs.22.248 crores representing 20% is being proposed to be deducted vide Ministry of Coal Letter No. F.No.47011/7(6)/93-CPAM/CA dated 9<sup>th</sup> July ,2013.This deduction is proposed to be made in view of the Company not being able to meet the targeted production by the specified/extended time limit.

Our Opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

#### Other Matter

Rs 60,72,670.00 has been paid by the Company on 23.12.2016 as Income Tax Demand with interest for the A.Y.2014-15 under dispute and an appeal has been preferred against the demand. However no provision is made in the books in respect of such due.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

(i) As required under section 143(5) of the Companies Act 2013, we give in Annexure-1 to this report, a statement on the directions, issued by the comptroller and auditor general of India after complying the suggested methodology of audit, the actions taken thereon and its impact on the

- accounts & Ind AS financial statements of the company.
- (ii) As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure -2 to this report, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the said order.
- (iii) As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - (b) in our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - (c) the balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss and the cash flow statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - (d) in our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
  - (e) on the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2017 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2017 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
  - (f) with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure-3

(g) The Company has provided requisite disclosure in its Ind AS financial statements as to holdings as well as dealings in specified bank notes during the period from 8th November, 2016 to 30th December 2016 and these are in accordance with the books of accounts maintained by the company refer to Note -14 to the Ind As financial statements.

For M.K.Swain & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 323045E

CA.Manoj Kumar Swain Partner M.No: 057573

Cuttack:

Date: 28.04.2017

#### Annexure-2 to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to Annexure-2 of the Auditors' Report on other legal and regulatory requirement' section of our report of even date)

(The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017, we report that: )

#### **AUDITORS' REPORT**

#### MANAGEMENT'S REPLY

#### (A) In respect of Fixed Assets:

The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets on the basis of available information. As explained to us, Fixed assets of the company have been physically verified by the management during the financial year, which in our opinion is reasonable having regards to the size of the company and nature of its assets.

Statement of fact

The title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the company.

#### (B) In respect of Inventories:

The Company has no stock of stores, spare parts and raw materials during the year. Hence physical verification by management is not conducted during the year.

Statement of fact

(C) Loans and Advances to parties covered under section 189 of the companies act, 2013:

No Loans and advances to parties covered under section 189 of the companies act, 2013 has been given during the year, hence

- (a) Not Applicable
- (b) Not Applicable
- (c) Not Applicable

Statement of fact

# (D) Loans, Investments, Guarantees and Security:

In respect of loans, investments, guarantees and security the section 185 and 186 of the companies act, 2013 have been complied with.

Statement of fact

(E) Accepting Deposits from Public:

According to information and explanation given to us the company has not accepted any deposits from public, therefore this clause is not applicable to the company.

Statement of fact

(F) Maintenance of cost records under section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013: Not Applicable.

(G) In respect of statutory dues:

- (a) As the company has no direct staff except employees on deputation from MCL, the deduction and deposit of provident fund dues is not applicable during the year. Further as the company has not started production and sale during the year, no statutory dues is payable to the Govt.
- (b) The company is capitalizing all its revenue income and expenditure under the head assets under development since it has not commenced its commercial production. Therefore interest earned on FDR with Bank is also capitalized. However Income Tax Department is considering it as a revenue income and thus the matter is pending before the Appellate Authority of Income Tax Department.

Statement of fact

(H) Default in Repayment of Loans taken from Bank or Financial Institution:

The company has not taken any loans from any Banks or Financial Institution, hence this clause is not applicable. Statement of fact

(I) Moneys raised by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments and term loans were applied for the purpose of which those are raised): The company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments and term loans, hence this clause is not applicable.

Statement of fact

(J) Reporting of Fraud during the Year (Nature and Amount):

According to the information and explanation given to us, no fraud on or by the company has been noticed or reported during the year. Statement of fact

(K) Managerial Remuneration:

The company has not paid any managerial remuneration during the year.

Statement of fact

(L) Provision related to Nidhi Company:

Not Applicable.

Statement of fact

(M) Related party transaction in compliance with sections177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013:

According to the information and explanation given to us, there is no transaction with related party during the year.

Statement of fact

(N) Preferential allotment private or placement of shares or fully or convertible debentures during the year:

The company has not made any Preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the reporting period.

Statement of fact

(O) Non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him:

The company has not entered into any noncash transactions with directors or persons connected with him during the reporting period.

Statement of fact

(P) Registration under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934:

Not Applicable.

Statement of fact

For M.K.Swain & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 323045E

CA.Manoj Kumar Swain Partner.M.No: 057573

Cuttack:

Date: 28.04.2017

### **Annexure-3 to the Independent Auditors' Report**

(Referred to Annexure-3 of the Auditors' Report on other legal and regulatory requirement' section of our report of even date)

(Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of MJSJ COAL Limited ("the Company") as of 31 March 2017 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.)

#### **AUDITORS' REPORT**

# Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

#### **MANAGEMENT'S REPLY**

Statement of fact.

Statement of fact.

Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Ind AS financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's control over financial internal financial policies those includes procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation Statement of fact.

of Ind AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS financial statements.

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial **Controls Over Financial Reporting**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal Statement of fact. financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

**Opinion** 

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2017, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Statement of fact

For M.K. Swain & Associates

**Chartered Accountants** Firm Registration No: 323045E

CA.Manoi Kumar Swain Partner.M.No: 057573

Cuttack:

Date: 28.04.2017

# N C NAYAK & CO COMPANY SECRETARY



HIG-115, GR. FLOOR, DHARMA VIHAR KHANDAGIRI, BHUBANESWAR-751 030 TELE: 0674-2351 189, MOB: 9437225828 E-MAIL: ncnayaknco@gmail.com

#### FORM NO. MR-3

#### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH, 2017

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members
MISI COAL LIMITED

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by MJSJ COAL LIMITED (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon. Based on our verification of the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period ended on 31st March, 2017, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by MJSJ COAL LIMITED ("The Company") for the period ended on 31st march, 2017 according to the provisions of:

- 1. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made thereunder;
- II. Following other laws as are specifically applicable to the company:
  - a. The CBA Act, 1957

The company complies with statutory tax Audit requirement under the Income Tax act, 1961, which is done by Statutory Auditor appointed in their audit Report, so I have not reviewed compliance of applicable Income Tax Laws to the company.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

Secretarial Standards (though not mandatory during the year) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India under section 118 (10) of the companies Act, 2013 to the extent observed by the company.

The management has represented and I have also checked that the company being an unlisted Public company the following Acts, Regulations, Guidelines, Agreements etc. as specified in the prescribed Form MR-3 were not applicable to the company.

- (i) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder:
- (iii) Foreign Exchange Management Act,1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings:

#### N C NAYAK & CO

- (iv) The Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations 2011
  - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992:
  - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009
  - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock purchase Scheme) Guidelines ,1999;
  - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
  - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents ) Regulations, 1993 the companies Act and dealing with Client;
  - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; and
  - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998;
- (v) The Listing Agreements with stock Exchanges. During the period under review the company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc.

I further report that :-

- (a) The Board of Directors of the Company is constituted with Non-Executive / Nominee Directors.
- (b) Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.
- (c) Majority decision is carried while all members view are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

The Company has obtained all necessary approvals under the various provisions of the Act; and I further report that based on the information received and records maintained there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

For N C NAYAK & CO COMPANY SECRETARIES

Place: Angul Date: 28/04/2017

> (CS Naresh Chandra Nayak) Proprietor, FCS-7089 C. P. No.-7802

This is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Enclosure-A and forms an integral part of this report.

N C NAYAK & CO

To,

The Members
MJSJ COAL LIMITED

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. I believe that the processes and practices, I followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company:
- 4. Wherever required, I have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of the management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

For N C NAYAK & CO COMPANY SECRETARIES

Place: Angul Date: 28/04/2017

> (CS Naresh Chandra Nayak) Proprietor, FCS-7089 C. P. No.-7802

# MJSJ COAL LIMITED



A Subsidiary of MCL





# FINANCIAL STATEMENT

For Year Ending FY: 2015-16





Notes   31.03.17   31.03.16 (Restated)   01.04.15 (Restated)	BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31.03.2017		As at		(Rs in Lakhs)	
Non-Current Assets (a) Property, Plant & Equipments (b) Capital Work in Progress 4 2,105.64 1,951.04 1,795.6 (c) Exploration and Evaluation Assets 5 1,531.92 1,531.92 1,531.92 1,531.9 (d) Other Intangible Assets 6 e) Intangible Assets under Development (f) Investment Property (g) Financial Assets (i) Investments 7		Notes		31.03.16		
(a) Property, Plant & Equipments 3 3,915.72 4,004.63 4,094.5 (b) Capital Work in Progress 4 2,105.64 1,951.04 1,795.6 (c) Exploration and Evaluation Assets 5 1,531.92 1,531.92 1,531.92 1,531.92 1,531.92 (d) Other Intangible Assets 6 (e) Intangible Assets under Development (f) Investment Property (g) Financial Assets (i) Investments 7 (ii) Loans 8 (iii) Other Financial Assets 9 (iii) Other Financial Assets (net) (i) Other non-current assets 10 7.00 Total Non-Current Assets (A) 7,560.28 7,487.59 7,422.1 (ii) Trade Receivables 12 (ii) Investments 7 (ii) Trade Receivables 13 (iii) Cash & Cash equivalents 14 2,409.36 2,371.66 2,388.7 (iv) Other Bank Balances 15 (v) Loans 8 (vi) Other Financial Assets 9 81.30 111.44 111.4 (c) Current Tax Assets (Net) (d) Other Current Tax Assets (Net) (d) Other Current Assets (Net) (d) Other	ASSETS			•		
(b) Capital Work in Progress 4 2,105.64 1,951.04 1,795.6 (c) Exploration and Evaluation Assets 5 1,531.92 1,531	Non-Current Assets	•				
(b) Capital Work in Progress 4 2,105.64 1,951.04 1,795.6 (c) Exploration and Evaluation Assets 5 1,531.92 1,531.92 1,531.92 1,531.9 (d) Other Intangible Assets 6 (e) Intangible Assets under Development (f) Investment Property (g) Financial Assets (i) Investments 7 (ii) Loans 8 (iii) Other Financial Assets 9 (h) Deferred Tax Assets (net) (i) Other non-current assets 10 7.00 7.00 7.00 7.00 7.00 7.00 7.00 7	(a) Property, Plant & Equipments	3	3,915.72	4,004.63	4,094.58	
(c) Exploration and Evaluation Assets 5 1,531.92 1,531.92 1,531.92 1,531.92 (d) Other Intangible Assets 6 (e) Intangible Assets under Development (f) Investment Property (g) Financial Assets (i) Investments 7 (ii) Loans 8 (iii) Other Financial Assets 9 (h) Deferred Tax Assets (net) (i) Other non-current assets 10 7.00 7.00 7.00 7.00 7.00 7.00 7.00 7	(b) Capital Work in Progress	4	2,105.64	1,951.04	1,795.65	
(d) Other Intangible Assets (e) Intangible Assets under Development (f) Investment Property (g) Financial Assets (i) Investments 7	(c) Exploration and Evaluation Assets	5	1,531.92	1,531.92	1,531.92	
(f) Investment Property (g) Financial Assets (i) Investments 7	(d) Other Intangible Assets	6	<u>-</u>	-	•	
(g) Financial Assets (i) Investments 7 (ii) Loans 8 7 (iii) Other Financial Assets 9 (h) Deferred Tax Assets (net) (i) Other non-current assets 10 7,560.28 7,487.59 7,422.1  Current Assets (a) Inventories 12 (b) Financial Assets (i) Investments 7 (ii) Trade Receivables (iii) Trade Receivables 13 (iii) Cash & Cash equivalents 14 2,409.36 2,371.66 2,388.7 (iv) Other Bank Balances 15 (v) Loans 8 - (vi) Current Tax Assets (Net) (d) Other Current Assets 11 258.11 199.40 109.33	(e) Intangible Assets under Developme	ent		•		
(i) Investments 7 (ii) Loans 8 (iii) Other Financial Assets 9 (h) Deferred Tax Assets (net) (i) Other non-current assets 10 7.00 - Total Non-Current Assets (A) 7,560.28 7,487.59 7,422.1  Current Assets (a) Inventories 12 (b) Financial Assets (i) Investments 7 (ii) Trade Receivables 13 (iii) Cash & Cash equivalents 14 2,409.36 2,371.66 2,388.7 (iv) Other Bank Balances 15 (v) Loans 8 (vi) Other Financial Assets 9 81.30 111.44 111.4 (c) Current Tax Assets (Net) (d) Other Current Assets 11 258.11 199.40 109.3	(f) Investment Property					
(ii) Loans       8         (iii) Other Financial Assets       9         (h) Deferred Tax Assets (net)       7.00         (i) Other non-current assets       10       7.00         Total Non-Current Assets (A)       7,560.28       7,487.59       7,422.1         Current Assets         (a) Inventories       12       -       -       -         (b) Financial Assets       7       -       -       -       -         (i) Investments       7       -	(g) Financial Assets	h. 1				
(iii) Other Financial Assets 9 (h) Deferred Tax Assets (net) (i) Other non-current assets 10 7.00	(i) Investments	7	<u>-</u>	· <u>-</u>	=	
(h) Deferred Tax Assets (net)  (i) Other non-current assets 10 7.00	(ii) Loans	8	•	_	_	
(i) Other non-current assets 10 7.00 Total Non-Current Assets (A) 7,560.28 7,487.59 7,422.1.  Current Assets (a) Inventories 12	(iii) Other Financial Assets	9		<del>-</del>		
Total Non-Current Assets (A)       7,560.28       7,487.59       7,422.1         Current Assets       (a) Inventories       12       -       -         (b) Financial Assets       7       -       -       -         (i) Investments       7       -       -       -       -         (ii) Trade Receivables       13       -	(h) Deferred Tax Assets (net)					
Current Assets  (a) Inventories  12  (b) Financial Assets  (i) Investments  7  (ii) Trade Receivables  13  (iii) Cash & Cash equivalents  14  2,409.36  2,371.66  2,388.7  (iv) Other Bank Balances  15  -  (v) Loans  8  -  (vi) Other Financial Assets  9  81.30  111.44  111.49  (c) Current Tax Assets (Net)  (d) Other Current Assets  11  258.11  199.40  109.35	(i) Other non-current assets	10	7.00	· _ ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(a) Inventories       12         (b) Financial Assets       7         (i) Investments       7         (ii) Trade Receivables       13         (iii) Cash & Cash equivalents       14       2,409.36       2,371.66       2,388.7         (iv) Other Bank Balances       15       -       -       -         (v) Loans       8       -       -       -       -         (vi) Other Financial Assets       9       81.30       111.44       111.41         (c) Current Tax Assets (Net)         (d) Other Current Assets       11       258.11       199.40       109.33	Total Non-Current Assets (A)		7,560.28	7,487.59	7,422.15	
(a) Inventories       12         (b) Financial Assets       7         (i) Investments       7         (ii) Trade Receivables       13         (iii) Cash & Cash equivalents       14       2,409.36       2,371.66       2,388.7         (iv) Other Bank Balances       15       -       -       -         (v) Loans       8       -       -       -       -         (vi) Other Financial Assets       9       81.30       111.44       111.41         (c) Current Tax Assets (Net)         (d) Other Current Assets       11       258.11       199.40       109.33						
(b) Financial Assets (i) Investments 7	Current Assets	•		·*		
(i) Investments       7         (ii) Trade Receivables       13         (iii) Cash & Cash equivalents       14       2,409.36       2,371.66       2,388.73         (iv) Other Bank Balances       15       -       -       -         (v) Loans       8       -       -       -         (vi) Other Financial Assets       9       81.30       111.44       111.43         (c) Current Tax Assets (Net)         (d) Other Current Assets       11       258.11       199.40       109.33	(a) Inventories	12	<b>.</b>	-	• •	
(ii) Trade Receivables       13       - <td>(b) Financial Assets</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	(b) Financial Assets					
(iii) Cash & Cash equivalents       14       2,409.36       2,371.66       2,388.73         (iv) Other Bank Balances       15       -       -       -         (v) Loans       8       -       -       -       -         (vi) Other Financial Assets       9       81.30       111.44       111.49         (c) Current Tax Assets (Net)         (d) Other Current Assets       11       258.11       199.40       109.33	(i) Investments	7	-			
(iv) Other Bank Balances       15       -       -         (v) Loans       8       -       -       -         (vi) Other Financial Assets       9       81.30       111.44       111.49         (c) Current Tax Assets (Net)         (d) Other Current Assets       11       258.11       199.40       109.33	(ii) Trade Receivables	. 13		-	•	
(v) Loans       8       -       -         (vi) Other Financial Assets       9       81.30       111.44       111.45         (c) Current Tax Assets (Net)       (d) Other Current Assets       11       258.11       199.40       109.33	(iii) Cash & Cash equivalents	14	2,409.36	2,371.66	2,388.72	
(vi) Other Financial Assets       9       81.30       111.44       111.45         (c) Current Tax Assets (Net)         (d) Other Current Assets       11       258.11       199.40       109.33	(iv) Other Bank Balances	15	•	· · · · · · · ·	-	
(c) Current Tax Assets (Net) (d) Other Current Assets 11 258.11 199.40 109.3	(v) Loans	8	· •	<u>-</u>	- -	
(d) Other Current Assets 11 258.11 199.40 109.3	(vi) Other Financial Assets	9	81.30	111.44	111.45	
Market Control of the	(c) Current Tax Assets (Net)	·				
Total Current Assets (B) 2,748.77 2,682.50 2,609.54	(d) Other Current Assets	11	258.11.	199.40	109.37	
	Total Current Assets (B)		2,748.77	2,682.50	2,609.54	
***************************************						
Total Assets (A+B) 10,309.06 10,170.09 10,031.69	Total Assets (A + B)		10,309.06	10,170.09	10,031.69	



BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31.03.2017				(Rs in Lakhs)
		As at	t	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Notes	31.03.17	31.03.16	(Restated)
Equity				
(a) Equity Share Capital	. 16	9,510.00	9,510.00	9,510.00
(b) Other Equity	17 -	-101.32	-101.32	-101.32
Equity attributable to equityholders of	_			
the company		9,408.68	9,408.68	9,408.68
Non-Controlling Interests		<u> </u>	· · · · · ·	
Total Equity (A)		9,408.68	9,408.68	9,408.68
	÷		•	
Liabilities				
Non-Current Liabilities	•		•	•
(a) Financial Liabilities	•			
(i) Borrowings	18		•	
(ii) Trade Payables				
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	20	-	-	-
(b) Provisions	21	• '	-	-
(c) Other Non-Current Liabilities	22		. • =	-
Total Non-Current Liabilities (B)			•	-
Comment 12 d 1999	*			
Current Liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities	• *			
• •	10	000 74	743.63	607.00
(i) Borrowings	18	882.71	743.62	607.82
(ii) Trade payables	19	- 10.04		4.06
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	20	12.04	5.99	4.86
(b) Other Current Liabilities	23	2.25	2.29	1.89
(c) Provisions	21 _	3.38	9.51	8.44
Total Current Liabilities (C)		900.38	761.41	623.01
Total Equity and Liabilities (A+B+C)		10,309.06	10,170.09	10,031.69

The Accompanying Notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

### As per our report annexed

### On behalf of the Board

(S.Rout) (Company Secretary/ Dy.Manager (Finance) (S.N, Sinha CEO/GM (O .P.Singh) Director DIN-07627471 ( K.K.Parida) Chairman DIN-07015077

As per our audit report of even date For & on behalf of M/s M.K.Swain & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN - 323045E

> CA M.K.Swain Partner M. No. 057573

Dated: 28.04.2017 Place: Bhubaneswar



### STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31.03.2017

		Notes	For the year ended 31.03.17	(Rs in Lakhs) For the year ended,31.03.16
	Revenue from Operations	24		
A D	Sales (Net)		-	-
B	Other Operating Revenue (Net)			
(1) . (11)	Revenue from Operations (A+B) Other Income		-	
		25	-	-
(iii)	Total Income (I+II)	•	-	•
(IV)	EXPENSES		•	,
	Cost of Materials Consumed	26	<u>-</u>	• ,
,	Changes in inventories of finished goods/work in progress	27	-	-
	and Stock in trade	•		•
	Excise Duty		• •	
	Employee Benefits Expense	28	•	
	Power Expense		•	
*	Corporate Social Responsibility Expense	29	_	•
	Repairs	30		•
	Contractual Expense	31	-	<b>-</b>
	Finance Costs	. 32	•	
	Depreciation/Amortization/ Impairment expense			
	Provisions	33	-	• • •
	Write off	34	· -	
	Stripping Activity Adjustment			V
•	Other Expenses	35		•
	Total Expenses (IV)			
ΔΛ	Dead's hadaya assessing the second To 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19		•	
(V) (VI)	Profit before exceptional items and Tax (I-IV)  Exceptional Items		. •	•
(VII)	Profit before Tax (V-VI)		<del>-</del>	•
(VIII)	Tax expense	36		
(IX)	Profit for the period from continuing operations (VII-VIII)			
(X)	Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations		`-	•
(XI)	Tax exp of discontinued operations			-
(XII)	Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations (after Tax) (X-XI)	•	•	
(XIII)	Share in JV's/Associate's profit/(loss)		· -	•
(XIV)	Profit for the Period (IX+XII+XIII)			
	Other Comprehensive Income	37		
	A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	• •
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be		•	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	reclassified to profit or loss	,		
•	B (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		<u></u>	· =
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to		, ** 	
	profit or loss			
(XV)	Total Other Comprehensive Income			•



(XVI)	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (XIV + (Comprising Profit (Loss) and Other Comprehensiv Income for the period)		• ·	•
	Profit attributable to: Owners of the company Non-controlling interest			
			<u> </u>	-
	Other Comprehensive Income attributable to: Owners of the company Non-controlling interest			<u>-</u>
٠	Total Comprehensive Income attributable to: Owners of the company Non-controlling interest		-	
(XVII)	Earnings per equity share (for continuing operation (1) Basic (2) Diluted	<b>):</b>		
(XVIII)	Earnings per equity share (for discontinued operation (1) Basic (2) Diluted	on):		
(XIX)	Earnings per equity share (for discontinued & conti operation):	nuing		
1. 	(1) Basic (2) Diluted			
	Reference of EPS calulation in Note (38)			
\s per e	our report annexed		On behalf of the	Board
S.Rout) Compan Dy.Mana	(S.N. Sinha y CEO/GM ger (Finance)	(O .P.Singh) Director DIN-0762747		( K.K.Parida) Chairman DIN-07015077

As per our audit report of even date
For & on behalf of M/s M.K.Swain & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN - 323045E

CA M.K.Swain Partner M. No. 057573

Date: 28.04.2017
Place: Bhubaneswar



### CASH FLOW STATEMENT (INDIRECT METHOD)

	=	For the Year Ended 31.03.2017	(Rs in Lakhs) For the Year Ended 31.03.2016
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		• *	•
Total Comprehensive Income before tax  Adjustments for:			,
Depreciation / Impairment of Fixed Assets	•	•	
Interest from Bank Deposits			
Finance cost related to financing activity	•		•
Interest / Dividend from investments			
Profit / Loss on sale of Fixed Assets		•	
Provisions made & write off during the period			
Liability write back during the period			• •
Advance Stripping Activity Adjustment			
Operating Profit before Current/Non Current Assets and		<del>-</del> ,	•
Adjustment for:			
Trade Receivables	,		
Inventories			
Short/Long Term Loans/Advances & Other Current Assets		(29,53)	(90.03)
Short/Long Term Liablities and Provisions		(6.17)	2.61
Cash Generated from Operation	_	(35,70)	(87.42)
Income Tax Paid/Refund		•	
Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities	(A)	(35.70)	(87.42)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of Fixed Assets		(65.69)	(65.44)
Investment in Bank Deposit		(03.03)	(FF-CO)
Change in investments			
Investment in joint venture			
Interest pertaining to Investing Activities		•	
Interest / Dividend from investments			
Net Cash from Investing Activities	(B)_	(65.69)	(65.44)
	**************************************		



### **CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

Repayment of Borrowings

**Short Term Borrowings** 

139.09

135.80

Interest & Finance cost pertaining to Financing Activities

Receipt of Shifting & Rehabilitation Fund

Dividend & Dividend Tax

**Buyback of Equity Share Capital** 

Net Cash used in Financing Activities

139.09 135.80 (C)

Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash & Bank Balances (A+B+C) Cash & Bank Balance (opening balance) Cash & Bank Balance (closing balance)

37.70 2,371.66

(17.06)2,388.72

(All figures in bracket represent outflow.)

2,409.36

2,371,66

As per our report annexed

On behalf of the Board

(S.Rout) (Company Dy.Manager (Finance) (S.N. Šinha CEO/GM

(O .P.Singh) Director DIN-07627471

(K.K.Parida) Chairman DIN-07015077

As per our audit report of even date For & on behalf of M/s M.K.Swain & Associates **Chartered Accountants** FRN - 323045E

> CA M.K.Swain Partner M. No. 057573

Date: 28.04.2017 Place: Bhubaneswar



## NOTE 3: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENTS

											(Rs in	(Rs in Lakhs)		
	Free hold Land	Other	Land Reclamati on/ Site Restorati on Costs	Building (including water supply, roads and culverts)	Plant and Equipm ents	Teleco mmuni cation	Railway Sidings	Furniture and Fixtures	Office Equipm ents	Office Equipm Vehicles Aircraft ents	Other Mining Infrastr ucture	Surveye d off Assets	Others	Total
Carrying Amount:		4 080 34		•	•	ı	1		12.24			•	1	4,094.58
Additions		2004							1.10	,				1.10
Deletions/Adjustments									(2.00)					(2.00)
As at 31 March 2016	,	4,082.34	•	1		1	,	1	11.34	F.				4,093.68
			·							-				0,000
As at 1 April 2016		4,082.34	1	1	•	a		ı	11.34	1	•	•	ı .	4,093.50
Additions Deletions/Adjustments			•	,				٠.	(0.40)					(0.40)
As at 31 March 2017	1	4,082.34			1		•	1	11.64	_	•	,		4,093.98
Accumulated Degraciation and						÷								
Impairment			٠											
As at 1 April 2015		٠					٠							
Charge for the year	•	85.80							3.25					89.05
Impairment							,							
Deletions/Adjustments	'	85.80		,	E	1		,	3.25	-	١		,	89.05
As at 1 April 2016		85.80	٠						3.25		٠			
Charge for the period		85.78				•		. *	3.43					89.21
Impairment						,	٠							• .
Deletions/Adjustments													•	١
As at 31 March 2017	•	171.58	1			1		1	89'9	1	• ,	•	,	89.21
# 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		٠.						•						
As at 31 March 2017	٠ ،	3 910 76	ı	'	,	1	•		4.97		,	•	. 1	3,915.72
As at 31 March 2016	• •	3,996.54	· ·			."	•	•	8.09	ı	•		, 1	4,004.63
•														



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	Free hold Land	Other	Land Reclamati on/Site Restorati on Costs	Building (including water supply, roads and	Plant and Equipm ents	Teleco mmuni cation	Railway Sidings	o Railway Furniture C ni Sidings Fixtures n	Office Equipm Vehicles Aircraft ents	ehicles /		Other Mining Infrastr ucture	Surveye d off Assets	Others	Total
				culverts)											
Gross Carrying Amount: As at 1 April 2015		4,460.77							24.27		•	•			4,485.04
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment															
As at 1 April 2015		378.43		•		·			12.03	-	٠	,			390.46
Net carrying amount	ı	4,082.34	•	•	· F	1	١	•	12.24	•		•		1	4,094.58

Instruction

Therefore, Gross Carrying amount on 01.04.2015 Less Accumulated Depreciation and impairment i.e. net carrying amount shall be the carrying amount as at 01.04.2015 Same instruction applies to Note 2 3 and 4 ahead As per Ind AS 101 para D7AA - Net carrying amount of PPE shall be taken as deemed cost from the date of fransition

1- Other Land

2- The assets and liabilities taken over from Coal Mines Labour Welfare Organisation and Coal Mines Rescue Organisation, for which no quantitative details are available, have not 3- Depreciation has been provided as per Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. However, pending completion of technical assessment to segregate the value of certain assets

4- The above heads include Enabling assets viz. Roads, railway sidings etc (Head wise breakup is to be given)

5. During the current financial year impairment in respect of property, plant and equipment amounting II \_\_\_ has been charged to the Statement of Profit & Loss.



### NOTE 4: CAPITAL WIP

(Rs in Lakhs)

•	Building (including water supply, roads and culverts)	Plant and Equipments	Railway Sidings	Development	Others	Total
Gross Carrying Amount: As at 1 April 2015 Additions	•			1,795.65 155.39		1,795.65 155.39
Capitalisation/ Deletions As at 31 March 2016	•	-		1,951.04	-	1,951.04
As at 1 April 2016 Additions Capitalisation/ Deletions				1,951.04 154.60		1,951.04 154.60
As at 31 March 2017		-	-	2,105.64		2,105.64
Provision and Impairment As at 1 April 2015 Charge for the year						
Impairment Deletions/Adjustments As at 31 March 2016		-		-	·	
As at 1 April 2016 Charge for the period Impairment Deletions/Adjustments						- - -
As at 31 March 2017		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		-	-
Net Carrying Amont As at 31 March 2017 As at 31 March 2016 As at 1 April 2015	• -		- -	2,105.64 1,951.04 1,795.65		2,105.64 1,951.04 1,795.65
Reconciliation of Carrying val	lue as per Ind AS and	Previous GAA	P as on 01.	04.2015	٠.	
	Building (including water supply, roads and culverts)	Plant and Equipments	Railway Sidings	Development	Others	Total
Gross Carrying Amount: As at 1 April 2015 Provision and Impairment As at 1 April 2015	-			1,795.65		1,795.65 -
Net Carrrying amount	-	,-	-	1,795.65		1,795.65



### NOTE 5: EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

		(Rs in Lakhs
		<b>Exploration and Evaluation Costs</b>
Gross Carrying Amount:		
As at 1 April 2015	**	1,531.92
Additions		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Deletions/Adjustments		
As at 31 March 2016		1,531.92
As at 1 April 2016		1,531.92
Additions		
Deletions/Adjustments		
As at 31 March 2017		1,531.92
Provision and Impairment		· Commence with the second with the second
As at 1 April 2015		
Charge for the year		
Impairment		
Deletions/Adjustments		
As at 31 March 2016		
s de la companya della companya della companya de la companya della companya dell		
As at 1 April 2016		
Charge for the period		
turnstance and		. '
Impairment Deletions (Adjustments		
Deletions/Adjustments		
Deletions/Adjustments As at 31 March 2017		
Deletions/Adjustments As at 31 March 2017  Net Carrying Amont		1 521 62
Deletions/Adjustments As at 31 March 2017  Net Carrying Amont As at 31 March 2017		1,531.92
Deletions/Adjustments As at 31 March 2017  Net Carrying Amont As at 31 March 2017 As at 31 March 2016		1,531.92
Deletions/Adjustments As at 31 March 2017  Net Carrying Amont As at 31 March 2017		and the second s
Deletions/Adjustments As at 31 March 2017  Net Carrying Amont As at 31 March 2017 As at 31 March 2016		1,531.92
Deletions/Adjustments As at 31 March 2017  Net Carrying Amont As at 31 March 2017 As at 31 March 2016 As at 1 April 2015	od AS and Previous GAAP as on 01	1,531.92 1,531.92
Deletions/Adjustments As at 31 March 2017  Net Carrying Amont As at 31 March 2017 As at 31 March 2016	nd AS and Previous GAAP as on 01	1,531.92 1,531.92
Deletions/Adjustments As at 31 March 2017  Net Carrying Amont As at 31 March 2017 As at 31 March 2016 As at 1 April 2015  Reconciliation of Carrying value as per In	nd AS and Previous GAAP as on 01	1,531.92 1,531.92
Deletions/Adjustments As at 31 March 2017  Net Carrying Amont As at 31 March 2017 As at 31 March 2016 As at 1 April 2015  Reconciliation of Carrying value as per In	nd AS and Previous GAAP as on 01	1,531.92 1,531.92 .04,2015
Deletions/Adjustments As at 31 March 2017  Net Carrying Amont As at 31 March 2017 As at 31 March 2016 As at 1 April 2015  Reconciliation of Carrying value as per In Gross Carrying Amount: As at 1 April 2015	nd AS and Previous GAAP as on 01	1,531.92 1,531.92
Deletions/Adjustments As at 31 March 2017  Net Carrying Amont As at 31 March 2017 As at 31 March 2016 As at 1 April 2015  Reconciliation of Carrying value as per In	nd AS and Previous GAAP as on 01	1,531.92 1,531.92 .04,2015



### NOTE 6: INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	,				(Rs in Lakhs)
		Computer Software	Coal Blocks meant for sale	Others	Total
Gross Carrying Amount:					•
As at 1 April 2015				•	•
Additions					
Deletions/Adjustments					
As at 31 March 2016		1	-		
· ·					
As at 1 April 2016		·			
Additions		• "			
Deletions/Adjustments			1		•
As at 31 March 2017					
					. * *
Amortisation and Impairmen	nt				•
As at 1 April 2015	3		1	•	
Charge for the year			i e		
Impairment					
Deletions/Adjustments		•		•	
As at 31 March 2016	• .		-		
As at 1 April 2016			:		
Charge for the period				, •	
Impairment		·		•	
Deletions/Adjustments		•		,	-
As at 31 March 2017		• •		•	
1					
Net Carrying Amont		•:		9	
As at 31 March 2017	•		-	•	** * • •
As at 31 March 2016			<b>-</b> •	, <del></del>	<u>.</u>
As at 1 April 2015			-	. •	. <del>.</del>
			2 1 × 1		
Reconciliation of Carrying v	alue as ner In	d AS and Previou	; us GAAP as on 01.04.2015		
Gross Carrying Amount:	uiuc as pui m				
As at 1 April 2015				•	
Provision and Impairment				•	
As at 1 April 2015				,	•
Not Correling amount					



**NOTE - 7: INVESTMENTS** 

(Rs in Lakhs)

As at

31.03.16

01.04.15 (Restated)

31.03.17

(Restated)

Non Current

**Investment in Shares** 

Equity Shares in Subsidiary/Joint Venture Companies

Equity & Pref. Shares in Subsidiaries Companies

Other Investments

In Secured Bonds

7.55 % Secured Non convertible IRFC Tax free 2021 series

79 bonds

8% Secured Non convertible IRFC bonds Tax free

7.22 % Secured Non convertible IRFC bond Tax free

7.22 % Secured Redeemable REC bond Tax free

In Co-operative Shares

Total:

Aggregate amount of unquoted investments:
Aggregate amount of quoted investments:
Market value of quoted investments:
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments:

Refer note 38 (1) for classification

Note: Specific name of Investment is to be given under respective head



NOTE - 7 (contd.)

**INVESTMENTS** 

Current

(Rs in Lakhs)

As at

31.03.16

01.04.15

31.03.17

(Restated)

(Restated)

Trade (Unquoted)
Mutual Fund Investment
UTI Money Market Fund

SBI Premier Liquid Fund

Canara Robeco Mutual Fund

Union KBC Mutual Fund

Maharashtra State Electricity Board West Bengal State Electricity Board

Total:

Aggregate of Quoted Investment:

Aggregate of unquoted investments:

Market value of Quoted Investment:

Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments:

Refer note 38 (1) for classification



**NOTE - 8: LOANS** 

(Rs in Lakhs)

### As at

31.03.17 31.3.16 (Restated) 1.4.15 (Restated)

### Non-Current

### Loans to Related parties

- Secured, considered good
  - Unsecured, considered good
  - Doubtful

Less: Provision for doubtful loans

### **Loans to Employees**

- Secured, considered good
- Unsecured, considered good
- Doubtful

Less: Provision for doubtful loans

### Other Loans

- Secured, considered good
- Unsecured, considered good
- Doubtful

Less: Provision for doubtful loans

### TOTAL

CLASSIFICATION

Secured, considered good Unsecured, Considered good Doubtful

### Current

Loans to Related parties

- Secured, considered good
- Unsecured, considered good
- Doubtful

Less: Provision for doubtful loans

### **Loans to Employees**

- Secured, considered goodUnsecured, considered good
- Doubtful

Less: Provision for doubtful loans

### **Other Loans**

- Secured, considered good
- Unsecured, considered good
- Doubtful

Less: Provision for doubtful loans **TOTAL** 

**CLASSIFICATION** 

Secured, considered good

Unsecured, Considered good

Doubtful

Refer note 38 (1) for classification



### **NOTE - 9: OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS**

Refer note 38 (1) for classification

(Rs in Lakhs)

As at

31.03.16 01.04.15 31.03.17 (Restated) (Restated) **Non Current Bank Deposits** Deposits with bank under - Mine Closure Plan - Shifting & Rehabilitation Fund scheme (In FD more Receivable from Escrow Account for Mine Closure Expenses Other deposits Less: Provision for doubtful deposits Other receivables Less: Provision TOTAL Current Surplus Fund with CIL Receivable from Escrow Account for Mine Closure **Current Account with** Holding Co./ Other Subsidiaries of CIL - IICM Less: Provision for Doubtful Advances Interest accrued on - Investments - Bank Deposits 81.30 111,44 111.45 - Others (specify in note) Other deposits Less: Provision for doubtful deposits Claims receivables Less: Provision for doubtful claims Other receivables Less: Provision for doubtful claims **TOTAL** 81.30 111,44 111.45



NOTE 10: OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS		As	(Rs in Lakhs) at	N 2
		31.03.17	31.03.16 (Restated)	01.04.15 (Restated)
(i) Capital Advances  Less: Provision for doubtful advances				
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(ii) Advances other than capital advances (a) Security Deposit for utilities	•			
Less: Provision for doubtful deposits		*		
(b) Other Deposits  Less: Provision for doubtful deposits				
(c) Advances to related parties		-	•	
(d) Advance for Revenue Less :Provision for doubtful advances		• '.		
		<u> </u>	-	
(f) Prepaid Expenses (BG Commission) (g) Others		7.00	•	
TOTAL		7.00	-	

### Instructions:

Note:

- 1. Security deposits are to segregated into financial assets and other than financial assets. Financial assets will be shown under Other Deposits of Note 8
- 2. Advance for R&D is to be segregated into current and non-current portion and to be specified in note that the same is included in advance to related parties



NOTE -11 : OTHER CURRENT ASSETS		As a	Rs in Lakhs) It	
		31.03.17	31.03.16 (Restated)	01.04.15 (Restated)
(a) Advance for Capital Less : Provision for doubtful advances				<u>.</u>
(b) Advance for Revenue Less : Provision for doubtful advances		•		
(c) Advance payment of statutory dues Less: Provision for doubtful advances				
(d) Advance to Related Parties		**************************************		-
(e) Advance to Employees Less : Provision for doubtful advances	, -	1.00	2.17 	8.78 - 8.78
(f) Advance- Others Less : Provision for doubtful claims		1.00	2.17	
(g) Deposit for utilities Less: Provision		-	-	•
(g) Deposits- Others (ITAX& TDS) Less: Provision	•	254.46 254.46	194.58	97.94
(h) CENVAT / VAT CREDIT Receivable Less: Provision	•	2.65	2.65	2.65
(i) MAT CREDIT ENTITLEMENT Less: Provision		2.65	2.65	2.65
(j) Prepaid Expenses	•		* '	*
Advance Tax/TDS (m) Less: Income Tax Provision				
(k) Receivables- Others Less: Provision				
(o) OBR Advance Stripping TOTAL	- -	258.11	199.40	109.37

### Instructions:

1. Deposit under protest to be included in Other deposits and to be clarified in note)



### **NOTE - 12: INVENTORIES**

(Rs in Lakhs) As at 01.04.15 31.03.16 31.03.17 (Restated) (Restated) (a) Stock of Coal Coal under Development Less: Provision Stock of Coal (Net) (b) Stock of Stores & Spares (at cost) Add: Stores-in-transit Less: Provision Net Stock of Stores & Spares (at cost) (c) Stock of Medicine at Central Hospital (d) Workshop Jobs: Work-in-progress and Finished Goods Less: Provision Net Stock of Workshop Jobs (e) Press Jobs: Work-in-progress and Finished Goods Total



### ANNEXURE TO NOTE - 11

### (Oty in tonnes) (value in lakh Rs.)

Table:A

Reconciliation of closing stock adopted in Account with Book stock as at the end of the year

			2	NON	VE	VENIDABLE
	OVERA	OVERALL STOCK	VEN	VENDABLE		STOCK
	Š.	Value	Çţ.	Value	Qty.	Value
1. (A) Opening stock as on 01.04.16 (B) Shortage beyond 5%						
Stock adopted in Accounts Opening				-		٠
<ol> <li>Production for the Period</li> </ol>						
2 Cook Total ( 1A + 2)						
Sub-Lota					٠	
4. Off- Take for the Year					·	
(B) Coal feed to Washeries			-	٠		
(C) Own Consumption		٠				
TOTAL(A)		-				
5. Derived Stock	-				,	-
6 Menetired Stock						
- 1						
7. Difference (5-6)		,				
8. Break-up of Difference:	•			. '		
(A) Excess within 5%				•		
(B) Shortage within 5%	•					•
(C) Excess beyond 5%						
(D) Shortage beyond 5%		•				
9. Closing stock adopted						
in A/c.( 6-8A+8B)	,				•	



Summary of Closing Stock of Coal	,					,					1	Table: B
		Raw Coal	oal		×	Washed / Deshaled Coal	shalec	Coal	Other	Other Products	Ţ	Total
	)	Coking	Non	Non-Coking	C	Coking	S N O N	Non-Coking			٠.	
	Qty	Value	QţA	Value	Qty	Value	Qty O	Qty Value	Qty	Value	λίζ	Value
Opening Stock (Audited)	,						1					
Shortage beyond 5%			1	•							,	
Less: Non-vendable Coal	1	•	1	:	,	•	1	ı.	,	•	,	,
Adjusted Opening Stock ( Vendable)	ľ				-			-				
Production	ì	•	i	*	,	-	1	-		1	,	
Offtake						-						-
(A) Outside Despatch	1	1	•		1	-	•	1	-			
(B) Coal feed to Washeries	1	•				•	'			,	ı	,
(C) Own Consumption	. 1.		ı	. •	1		1	•			,	•
Closing Stock derived	1		,	,	-	ı		-		1		ŀ
Less: Shortage	-	-		ŧ	,	•	,	*			-	,
Closing Stock	-	-	1	+	ı			ı	,	1	1	,

internal survey measurement teams have physically verified closing stock of coal. In some areas the same has also been verified by outside teams. The Shortage / surplus found on physical verification of coal stock within +/- 5% over book stock (mine/ colliery wise), is ignored pursuant to Accounting Policy.

The details of shortage beyond 5% are as under:-

ARFA	MINEC	Book Stock	Book Stock Qty. in LTe)	Measured stock (Qty, in L Te)	(Qty. in L Te)	% variance	iance
		As on 31.3.2017	As on 31.03.2016	As on 31.3.2017	As on 31.03.2016	As on 31.3.2017	As on 31.03.2016
Oriont							
						,	
Talcher							
, and the same of				,			
TOTAL		0.00	0	0	0		1

in those cases, since the differences are more than +/- 5%, as per policy, measured stocks have been considered in accounts and difference crore as at 31.03.2017-Shortage beyond 5%. tonnes) valuing Rs. tonnes less tonnes ( quantity of



NOTE - 13: TRADE RECEIVABLES

(Rs in Lakhs)
As at 31.03.17 (Restated) (Restated)

Current

Trade receivables Secured considered good Unsecured considered good Doubtful Less: Provision for bad & doubtful debts

Total

Note:
Debt outstanding for a period less than six months from the due date
Debt outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the due date
Doubtful debt

Refer note 38 (1) for classification

Instructions:

Other receivables not related to operations of the business shall be included in Other Financial assets Ageing is to be added in notes



### **NOTE - 14: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

(Rs in Lakhs)

	A	s at	
	31.03.17	31.03.16 (Restated)	01.04.15 (Restated)
(a) Balances with Banks		***************************************	
in Deposit Accounts		,	
in Current Accounts	2,409.36	2,371.66	2,388.72
in Cash Credit Accounts	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
(b) Bank Balances outside India		•	• • •
(c) Cheques, Drafts and Stamps in hand	; ·	•	•
(d) Cash on hand			
(e) Cash on hand outside India		1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	
(f) Others			
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	· ·	2,371.66	2,388.72
(g) Bank Overdraft		- ,	
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents(net of Bank Overdraft)		2,371.66	2,388.72

- 1 Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand and at bank, sweep accounts and
- 2 Cash and Cash Equivalents balance not available for use by the company includes.....
- There is no cash transaction in this Disclosure and the details of Specified Bank Notes (SBN) company, only bank transaction is allowed held and transacted during the period from 8th November, since company incorporation date. 2016 to 30th December, 2016 as per specified format in notification no. NOTIFICATION NO. GSR 308(E) [F.NO.17/62/2015-CL-V-(VOL.I)], DATED 30-3-2017
- Maximum amount outstanding with Banks other than Scheduled Banks at any time during the year

Refer note 38 (1) for classificationn

Disclose the details of Specified Bank Notes (SBN) held an	d transact	ed during the perio	d from 8th
	SBNs	Other denomination	Total
Closing cash in hand as on 08.11.2016	NIL	NIL	NIL
(+)Permitted receipt	NIL	NIL	NIL
(-)Permitted payment	NIL	NIL	NIL
(-) Amount deposited in Banks	NIL	NIL	NIL
Closing cash in hand as on 30.122016	NIL	NIL	NIL

### Note

- Balances with banks to the extent held as margin money or security against the borrowings, guarantees, other commitments, other earmarked balances shall be disclosed separately.
- 2 Repatriation restrictions, if any, in respect of cash and bank balances shall be separately stated.
- 3 Bank deposits with more than 12 months maturity shall be disclosed separately.
- 4 \* To be in Escrow Account



**NOTE - 15: OTHER BANK BALANCES** 

(Rs in Lakhs)

As at

31.03.17

31.03.16 (Restated)

01.04.15 (Restated)

he properties beginning the

Balances with Banks
Deposit accounts
Mine Closure Plan
Unpaid dividend accounts
Dividend accounts
Total

Note: Balances with banks to the extent held as margin money or security against the borrowings/others

Other Bank Balances comprise term deposits and other bank deposits which are expected to realise in cash within 12 months after the reporting date.

Refer note 38 (1) for classification

### Note:

- 1 Balances with banks to the extent held as margin money
- 2 Repatriation restrictions, if any, in respect of cash and
- 3 Bank deposits with more than 12 months maturity shall be taken to other financial assets
- 4 Escrow Account Details



### **NOTE - 16 : EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL**

(Rs in Lakhs)

	As	at	
Authorised	31.03.17	31.03.16 (Restated)	01.04.15 (Restated)
90,41,800 Non Cumulative 10% Redeemable Preference Shares of 1 1000/- each	904.18	904.18	
20,00,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs 10/- each	20,000.00	20,000.00	20,000.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up			20,000.00
9,51,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs 10/- each	9,510.00	9,510.00	9,510.00
•	9,510.00	9,510.00	9,510.00

1 Shares in the company held by each shareholder holding more than 5% Shares

Name of Shareholder	No.of Shares Held (Face value of Rs 10 each)	% of Total Shares
MCL (Holding Company)	57060000	60
JSW STEEL LTD	10461000	11
JSW ENERGY LTD	10461000	11
JINDAL STAINLESS LTD	8559000	9
SHYAM METALICS & ENERGY LTD	8559000	9



### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NOTE 17 : OTHER EQUITY

(Rs in Lakhs)

	F 16		Other	Dagamos			<del></del>	(1/2)	in Lakhs)
	Equity		Otner	Reserves				Non-	
•	portion	Capital			Sustainabl		n.4-!I		
•	of	Redemp	Capital	CSR	e		Retained	\$	Equity
	Preferen	tion		Reserve	Developm	Reserve	Earnings	ing	1 1
	ce	reserve	reserve	11050110	ent			Interest	
	Share	1636176			Reserve				
Balance as at 01.04.2015							(101.32)	<u> </u>	
Additions during the year						l			•
Adjustments during the year							l		
Changes in accounting	,		• •		•				
policy or prior period errors									·
Restated balance as at						•	(101.32)	-	
01.04.2015								<u> </u>	
Additions during the year						·	-		-
Adjustments during the year						-			
Total comprehensive income		l				-		l	-
during the year		1				· ·	1		
Appropriations	1	]						1	- '
Transfer to / from General			-					1	-
reserve .						1			
Transfer to / from Other							ĺ		-
reserves						1			
Interim Dividend						1		1	-
Final Dividend						•	1		-
Corporate Dividend tax							İ		-
Pre-operative expenses						,			-
Balance as at 31.03.2016						•	(101.32	) . •	(101.32)
Balance as at 01.04.2016						-	(101.32	)	(101.32)
Additions during the period						<b>,</b>			-
Adjustments during the					•	1		1	l' -
period		1					•		
Changes in accounting		.]						1	
policy or prior period errors	1								
Total comprehensive income								ľ	-
during the period		1							
Appropriations						1	]		
Transfer to / from General	ĺ						-[		<b>-</b> .
reserve	1								
Transfer to / from Other							1		-
reserves								1 .	1
Interim Dividend						1		1 .	- '
Final Dividend				•	•	1	1	1	
Corporate Dividend tax									-
Adjustment of Pre-operative						1			<b>-</b>
expenses			•				1		
Balance as at 31.03.2017	1					<del>                                     </del>	(101,32	2) -	(101.32

Authorised Preference Share capital	31.03.2017	.03.2016	1.04.2015
Nil Non Cumulative 10% Redeemable Preference Shares of 0 10/- each		. 0	0
(Reedemed on as per terms of earliest redemption	,		•



**NOTE - 19 :TRADE PAYABLES** 

(Rs in Lakhs)

As at

31.03.17

31.03.16 (Restated) 01.04.15 (Restated)

Current

Trade Payables for Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

Other Trade Payables for Stores and Spares Power and Fuel Others

**TOTAL** 

Refer note 38 (1) for classification



### **NOTE - 20: OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES**

(Rs in Lakhs)

As at

31.03.17

31.03.16 (Restated) 01.04.15 (Restated)

Non Current Security Deposits Earnest Money Others

### Current

Surplus Fund with CIL
Current maturities of long-term debt
Unpaid dividends\*
Security Deposits
Earnest Money
Others
TOTAL

	•		
	- -	-	
		-	
	12.04	5.99	4.86
• .	12.04	5.99	4.86

<sup>\*</sup>No amount is due for payment to Investor Education & Protection Fund

Refer note 38 (1) for classification



NOTE - 21 : PROVISIONS			(Rs in Lakhs)
	As a 31.03.17	31.03.16 (Restated)	01.04.15 (Restated)
Non Current			
Employee Benefits Gratuity Leave Encashment Other Employee Benefits			·
Site Restoration/Mine Closure			
Stripping Activity Adjustment Others TOTAL			•
Current			
Employee Benefits Gratuity Leave Encashment Ex- Gratia			
Performance Related Pay Other Employee Benefits	3.38	9.51	8.44
NCWA-X Provision	3.38	9.51	8.44
Mine Closure Excise Duty on Closing Stock of Coal Others			
TOTAL	3.38	9.51	8.44



### **NOTE - 22 :OTHER NON CURRENT LIABILITIES**

(Rs in Lakhs)

As at

31.03.17

31.03.16 (Restated) (

01.04.15 (Restated)

Shifting & Rehabilitation Fund

Deferred Income

Total



NOTE.	23.	OTHER	CLIDDENIT	LIABILITIES
NUIC:	ZJ.	UITIEK	CUKKENI	LIABILLUES

(Rs in Lakhs)

As at

31.03.17

31.03.16 (Restated) 01.04.15 (Restated)

Capital Expenditure
Liability for Salary, Wages and Allowances

### **Statutory Dues:**

Sales Tax/Vat
Provident Fund & Others
Central Excise Duty
Royalty & Cess on Coal
Stowing Excise Duty
Clean Energy Cess
National Mineral Exploration Trust
District Mineral Foundation
Other Statutory Levies
Income Tax deducted/collected at Source

2.25	2.29	1.89	
2,25	2.29	1.89	

Advance from customers / others Cess Equalization Account Others liabilities

**TOTAL** 

2.25	2.29	1.89

Notes:



NOTE - 24: REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

Revenue from Operations (A+B)

(Rs in Lakhs)

	For the year ended 31.03.17	For the year ended 31.03.16		
A. Sales of Coal/Services	· ·			
	· .			
Less: Other Statutory Levies		•		
Royalty				
Cess on Coal				
Stowing Excise Duty				
Central Sales Tax				
Clean Energy Cess				
State Sales Tax/VAT		,		
National Mineral Exploration Trust	•			
District Mineral Foundation				
Other Levies				
Total Levies		. •		
Sales (Net) (A)	*			
B. Other Operating Revenue Facilitation charges for coal import				
Subsidy for Sand Stowing & Protective Works				
Loading and additional transportation charges	· 			
Less: Other Statutory Levies				
Other Operating Revenue (Net) (B)	-	•		



**NOTE 25: OTHER INCOME** 

(Rs in Lakhs)

For the year ended 31.03.17

For the year ended 31.03.16

### **Interest Income**

Deposits with Banks Investments Loans Funds parked within Group Others

### **Dividend Income**

Investments in Mutual Funds Investments in Govt Securities (8.5% Tax free Special Bonds)

### **Other Non-Operating Income**

Profit on Sale of Assets
Gain on Foreign exchange Transactions
Exchange Rate Variance
Lease Rent
Liability / Provision Write Backs
Excise Duty on Decrease in Stock
Miscellaneous Income

### Total



### NOTE 26: COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED

			For the year ended 31.03.17	(Rs in Lakhs) For the year ended 31.03.16
Explosives			:	
Timber				
Oil & Lubricants	. •		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
HEMM Spares			•	• , *
Other Consumable Stores & Sp	pares			
Total			*	
NOTE:		Openi	Addition/	Closing
Explosives			" <sup>8</sup> adjustments	
Timber			•	•
Oil & Lubricants				
HEMM Spares			•	
Other Consumable Stores & Sp	naros			
Other Consumable Stores & St	Ales			•
	•	<del></del>	-	
NOTE 27 : CHANGES IN INVEN	HORIES OF FINISHED C	OODS, WOR	K IN PROGRESS. For the year	
			ended	ended
Opposing Stock of Cool		•		
Opening Stock of Coal	ock	•	ended	ended
Opening Stock of Coal Add: Adjustment of opening st Less: Deterioration of Coal	ock		ended	ended
Add: Adjustment of opening st Less: Deterioration of Coal	ock		ended	ended
Add: Adjustment of opening st Less: Deterioration of Coal Closing Stock of Coal	ock		ended	ended
Add: Adjustment of opening st Less: Deterioration of Coal	ock		ended	ended
Add: Adjustment of opening st Less: Deterioration of Coal Closing Stock of Coal Less: Deterioration of Coal	ock		ended	ended
Add: Adjustment of opening st Less: Deterioration of Coal Closing Stock of Coal Less: Deterioration of Coal A Change in Inventory of Coal		VIP	ended	ended
Add: Adjustment of opening st Less: Deterioration of Coal Closing Stock of Coal Less: Deterioration of Coal	ade finished goods and V	VIP	ended	ended
Add: Adjustment of opening st Less: Deterioration of Coal Closing Stock of Coal Less: Deterioration of Coal A Change in Inventory of Coal Opening Stock of Workshop m	ade finished goods and V	VIP	ended	ended
Add: Adjustment of opening st Less: Deterioration of Coal Closing Stock of Coal Less: Deterioration of Coal A Change in Inventory of Coal Opening Stock of Workshop m Add: Adjustment of Opening S	ade finished goods and V tock		ended	ended
Add: Adjustment of opening st Less: Deterioration of Coal Closing Stock of Coal Less: Deterioration of Coal A Change in Inventory of Coal Opening Stock of Workshop m Add: Adjustment of Opening S Less: Provision Closing Stock of Workshop ma Less: Provision	ade finished goods and V tock de finished goods and W		ended 31.03.17	ended 31.03.16
Add: Adjustment of opening st Less: Deterioration of Coal Closing Stock of Coal Less: Deterioration of Coal A Change in Inventory of Coal Opening Stock of Workshop m Add: Adjustment of Opening S Less: Provision Closing Stock of Workshop ma Less: Provision B Change in Inventory of works	ade finished goods and V tock de finished goods and W		ended	ended
Add: Adjustment of opening st Less: Deterioration of Coal Closing Stock of Coal Less: Deterioration of Coal A Change in Inventory of Coal Opening Stock of Workshop m Add: Adjustment of Opening S Less: Provision Closing Stock of Workshop ma Less: Provision B Change in Inventory of works Press Opening Job	ade finished goods and V tock de finished goods and W		ended 31.03.17	ended 31.03.16
Add: Adjustment of opening st Less: Deterioration of Coal Closing Stock of Coal Less: Deterioration of Coal A Change in Inventory of Coal Opening Stock of Workshop m Add: Adjustment of Opening S Less: Provision Closing Stock of Workshop ma Less: Provision B Change in Inventory of works Press Opening Job i)Finished Goods	ade finished goods and V tock de finished goods and W		ended 31.03.17	ended 31.03.16
Add: Adjustment of opening st Less: Deterioration of Coal Closing Stock of Coal Less: Deterioration of Coal A Change in Inventory of Coal Opening Stock of Workshop m Add: Adjustment of Opening S Less: Provision Closing Stock of Workshop ma Less: Provision B Change in Inventory of works Press Opening Job	ade finished goods and V tock de finished goods and W		ended 31.03.17	ended 31.03.16
Add: Adjustment of opening st Less: Deterioration of Coal Closing Stock of Coal Less: Deterioration of Coal A Change in Inventory of Coal Opening Stock of Workshop m Add: Adjustment of Opening S Less: Provision Closing Stock of Workshop ma Less: Provision B Change in Inventory of works Press Opening Job i)Finished Goods ii)Work in Progress	ade finished goods and V tock de finished goods and W		ended 31.03.17	ended 31.03.16
Add: Adjustment of opening st Less: Deterioration of Coal Closing Stock of Coal Less: Deterioration of Coal A Change in Inventory of Coal Opening Stock of Workshop m Add: Adjustment of Opening S Less: Provision Closing Stock of Workshop ma Less: Provision B Change in Inventory of works Press Opening Job i)Finished Goods ii)Work in Progress	ade finished goods and V tock de finished goods and W		ended 31.03.17	ended 31.03.16
Add: Adjustment of opening st Less: Deterioration of Coal Closing Stock of Coal Less: Deterioration of Coal A Change in Inventory of Coal Opening Stock of Workshop m Add: Adjustment of Opening S Less: Provision Closing Stock of Workshop ma Less: Provision B Change in Inventory of works Press Opening Job i)Finished Goods ii)Work in Progress	ade finished goods and V tock de finished goods and W		ended 31.03.17	ended 31.03.16
Add: Adjustment of opening st Less: Deterioration of Coal Closing Stock of Coal Less: Deterioration of Coal A Change in Inventory of Coal Opening Stock of Workshop m Add: Adjustment of Opening S Less: Provision Closing Stock of Workshop ma Less: Provision B Change in Inventory of works Press Opening Job i)Finished Goods ii)Work in Progress	ade finished goods and V tock de finished goods and W		ended 31.03.17	ended 31.03.16
Add: Adjustment of opening st Less: Deterioration of Coal Closing Stock of Coal Less: Deterioration of Coal A Change in Inventory of Coal Opening Stock of Workshop m Add: Adjustment of Opening S Less: Provision Closing Stock of Workshop ma Less: Provision B Change in Inventory of works Press Opening Job i)Finished Goods ii)Work in Progress	nade finished goods and V tock de finished goods and W hop		ended 31.03.17	ended 31.03.16



### **NOTE 28: EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES**

(Rs in Lakhs)

For the year For the year ended 31.03.17 ended 31.03.16

Salary, Wages, Allowances ,Bonus etc.

Provision for National Coal Wages Agreement (NCWA) - X\*

Ex-Gratia

Performance Related Pay

Contribution to P.F. & Other Funds

Gratuity

Leave Encashment

Voluntary Retirement Scheme

Workman Compensation

Medical Expenses for existing employees

Medical Expenses for retired employees

Grants to Schools & Institutions

Sports & Recreation

Canteen & Creche

Power - Township

\* Refer Note 21

Hire Charges of Bus, Ambulance etc.

Other Employee Benefits



### NO

<b>NOTE 29: CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONS</b>	SIBILITY EX	KPENSE	
	· .	For the year ended 31.03.17	(Rs in Lakhs) For the year ended 31.03.16
CSR Expenses		. *	
Total	_	-	_
NOTE 30 : REPAIRS	·		
WOIL 50, KEI AIRO	•		m al
	. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	For the year ended 31.03.17	For the year ended 31.03.16
Building Plant & Machinery			
Others Total			-



### **NOTE 31: CONTRACTUAL EXPENSES**

(Rs in Lakhs)

For the year ended For the year ended 31.03.17 31.03.16

Transportation Charges:
Sand
Coal
Stores & Others
Wagon Loading
Hiring of Plant and Equipments
Other Contractual Work

**Total** 

**NOTE 32: FINANCE COSTS** 

For the year ended For the year ended 31.03.17 31.03.16

Interest Expenses
Borrowings
Unwinding of discounts
Funds parked within Group
Others



NOTE 33: PROVISIONS (NET OF REVERSAL)	,					
				(Rs in La		
•		For the year en	ded	For the	year en	ded
		31.03.17		31	.03.16	
(A) Provision made for	-					
Doubtful debts						٠
Doubtful Advances & Claims						
Stores & Spares	-					
Others						
Total(A)	_		*			-
(B) Provision Reversal			•			
Doubtful debts						
Doubtful Advances & Claims						
Stores & Spares					11.	
Others				•		
Total(B)				. :		•
Total (A-B)				•		-
	. =					
Note: Others					•	
Capital WIP			ý			
Surveyed off						
Others				1,		•
			-			_
		•		. *		•
NOTE 34: WRITE OFF ( Net of past provisions )				•		
				_		
•		For the year er	ided			
	` :	31.03.17		31	.03.16	
	•					•
Doubtful debts	•					
Less :- Provided earlier						
			-		•	₩.
Doubtful advances						
Less :- Provided earlier						
Stock of Coal			i			
Less :- Provided earlier						
made are the control of			- 4			• <del>•</del> .
Others (Fixed Assets written off)			-			
Less :- Provided earlier		·				
				•	•	<del>-</del>
Total		<u>'</u>	-			



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**NOTE 35: OTHER EXPENSES** 

(Rs in Lakhs)

For the year ended 31.03.17

For the year ended 31.03.16

Travelling expenses

Domestic

Foreign

**Training Expenses** 

Telephone & Postage

Advertisement & Publicity

Freight Charges

Demurrage

Donation/Subscription

Security Expenses

Service Charges of CIL

Hire Charges

**CMPDI** Charges

**Legal Expenses** 

**Bank Charges** 

**Guest House Expenses** 

**Consultancy Charges** 

**Under Loading Charges** 

Loss on Sale/Discard/Surveyed of Assets

Auditor's Remuneration & Expenses

For Audit Fees

For Taxation Matters

For Other Services

For Reimbursement of Exps.

Internal & Other Audit Expenses

Rehabilitation Charges

Royalty & Cess

Central Excise Duty

Rent

Rates & Taxes

Insurance

Loss on Foreign Exchange Transactions

Loss on Exchange rate variance

Lease Rent

Rescue/Safety Expenses

Dead Rent/Surface Rent

Siding Maintenance Charges

Land/Crops Compensation

R & D expenses

**Environmental & Tree Plantation Expenses** 

Expenses on Buyback of shares

Water tax/Charges

Miscellaneous expenses

Total



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**NOTE 36: TAX EXPENSE** 

(Rs in Lakhs)

For the year ended For the year ended 31.03.17 31.03.16

Current Year Deferred tax MAT Credit Entitlement Earlier Years

Total .



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE 37: OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	•	For the year	(Rs in Lakhs) For the year
(A)	(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Changes in revaluation surplus		
	Remeasurement of defined benefit plans Equity instrument through OCI		•
,	Fair value changes relating to own credit risk of financial liabilities designated at FVTPL		•
	Share of OCI in Joint ventures		•
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to		
	profit or loss Changes in revaluation surplus		
	Remeasurement of defined benefit plans Equity instrument through OCI		
	Fair value changes relating to own credit risk of financial liabilities designated at FVTPL		
	Share of OCI in Joint ventures	÷*	
	Total (A)	55.	***
(B)	(i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Exchange differences in translating the financial statements of a foreign operation		
	Debt instrument through OCI The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging instruments		
	in a cash flow hedge Share of OCI in Joint ventures		
		<u>-</u>	
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	•	
	Exchange differences in translating the financial statements of a foreign operation		
	Debt instrument through OCI The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging instruments in a cash flow hedge	.*	
	Share of OCI in Joint ventures		•
	Total (B)	•	
	Total (A+B)		



#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -38

#### Note: 1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

MJSJ Coal Limited (MJSJCL), a PSU Company with headquarters at Angul, Odisha was incorporated on 13rd August, 2008 as a 60% Subsidiary of MCL, Odisha.

The Company is mainly engaged in mining and production of Coal.

The Company is in development stage. Information of the Group structure is provided in Note no. 39.

# Note 2: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

For all periods up to and including the year ended 31st March 2016, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with Accounting Standards (AS) notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 in accordance with companies (Accounting Standards), Rules 2006 (erstwhile - Indian GAAP). These financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2017 are the first financial statements of the Company prepared in accordance with Ind AS.

Refer to Note no. 39 for information on first time adoption of Ind AS.

The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis, except for certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (refer accounting policy on financial instruments).

# Rounding of amounts

Amounts in these financial statements have, unless otherwise indicated, been rounded to 'rupees in Crores' up to two decimal points.

# **Current and non-current Classification**

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when:

- (a) it expects to realise the asset, or intends to sell or consume it, in its normal operating cycle;
- (b) it holds the asset primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (c) it expects to realise the asset within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (d) the asset is cash or a cash equivalent (as defined in Ind AS 7) unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

An entity shall classify a liability as current when:

(a) it expects to settle the liability in its normal operating cycle;



(b) it holds the liability primarily for the purpose of trading;

(c) the liability is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or

it does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period (see paragraph 73). Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

# Revenue recognition

#### Sales revenue

Revenue from the sale of goods shall be recognised when all the following conditions have been satisfied:

- (a) the entity has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- (b) the entity retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- (c) the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- (d) it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity; and
- (e) the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes, levies or duties collected on behalf of the government/ other statutory bodies.

However, based on the educational material on Ind AS 18 issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the Company has assumed that recovery of excise duty flows to the Company on its own account. This is for the reason that it is a liability of the manufacturer which forms part of the cost of production, irrespective of whether the goods are sold or not. Since the recovery of excise duty flows to the Company on its own account, revenue includes excise duty.

However, other taxes, levies or duties are not considered to be received by the Company on its own account and excluded from net revenue.

#### Interest

Interest income is recognised using the Effective Interest Method.

#### Dividend

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the rights to receive payment is established.

# Other Claims

Other claims (including interest on delayed realization from customers) are accounted for, when there is certainty on realisation.

# **Rendering of Services**

When the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of services can be estimated reliably, revenue associated with the transaction shall be recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at the end of the reporting period. The outcome of a transaction can be estimated reliably when all the following conditions are satisfied:



the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;

it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the (b)

the stage of completion of the transaction at the end of the reporting period can be measured

reliably: and

the costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be (d) measured reliably.

# **Grants from Government**

Government Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in Statement of Profit & Loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises as expenses the related costs against which the grants are intended to compensate.

Government Grants related to assets are presented in the balance sheet by setting up the grant as deferred income.

Grants related to income are presented as part of profit or loss under the general heading 'Other income'.

· Government Grants which cannot reasonably have a value placed upon them and transaction with government which cannot be separated from normal trading transactions of the entity and are in the nature of government assistance from which the entity have directly benefited and if material are indicated separately in the notes.

#### Leases

Company as a lessee

A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the Company is classified as a finance lease.

Finance leases are capitalised at the commencement of the lease at the inception date fair value of the leased property or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Finance charges are recognised in finance costs in the statement of profit and loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalized in accordance with the Company's general policy on the borrowing costs.

A leased asset is depreciated over the useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term.



Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term

# Company as a lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating lease is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as lease income.

Leases are classified as finance leases when substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership transfer from the Company to the lessee. Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the Company's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the lease.

# Non-current assets held for sale

The Company classifies non-current assets and disposal groups as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sale rather than through continuing use. Actions required to complete the sale should indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the sale will be made or that the decision to sell will be withdrawn. Management must be committed to the sale expected within one year from the date of classification.

For these purposes, sale transactions include exchanges of non-current assets for other non-current assets when the exchange has commercial substance. The criteria for held for sale classification is regarded met only when the assets or disposal group is available for immediate sale in its present condition, subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such assets (or disposal groups), its sale is highly probable; and it will genuinely be sold, not abandoned. The Company treats sale of the asset or disposal group to be highly probable when:

- > The appropriate level of management is committed to a plan to sell the asset (or disposal group),
- > An active programme to locate a buyer and complete the plan has been initiated (if applicable),
- > The asset (or disposal group) is being actively marketed for sale at a price that is reasonable in relation to its current fair value,
- > The sale is expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification, and
- Actions required to complete the plan indicate that it is unlikely those significant changes to the plan will be made or that the plan will be withdrawn.

# Property, Plant and Equipment

Land is carried at historical cost. Historical cost includes expenditure which are directly attributable to the acquisition of the land like, rehabilitation expenses, resettlement cost and compensation in lieu of employment incurred for concerned displaced persons etc.



All other Property, plant and equipment are stated at carrying value including, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises:

- (a) its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates.
- (b) any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.
- (c) the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located, the obligation for which an entity incurs either when the item is acquired or as a consequence of having used the item during a particular period for purposes other than to produce inventories during that period.

Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item shall be depreciated separately.

Costs of the day to-day servicing described as for the 'repairs and maintenance' are recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which the same are incurred.

Subsequent cost of replacing parts of an item of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the carrying amount of the item, if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company; and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of those parts that are replaced is derecognised in accordance with the derecognition policy mentioned below.

When major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the item of property, plant and equipment as a replacement if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company; and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Any remaining carrying amount of the cost of the previous inspection (as distinct from physical parts) is derecognised.

An item of Property, plant or equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from the continued use of assets. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property plant and equipment is recognised in profit and loss.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment, except freehold land, is provided as per cost model on straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of the asset as follows:

Leasehold Land : Life of the project

Building : 3-60 years
Roads : 3-10 years
Telecommunication : 3-9 years
Railway Sidings : 15 years
Plant and Equipment : 5-15 years
Office equipment : 3-6 years
Furniture and Fixtures : 8-10 years
Vehicles : 8-10 years

Others



The residual value of Property, plant and equipment for depreciation purpose is considered as 5% of the original cost of the asset except some items of assets viz., Coal tub, winding ropes, haulage ropes, stowing pipes & safety lamps the technically estimated useful life has been determined to be one year with a nil residual value.

The estimated useful life of the assets is reviewed at the end of each financial year.

Depreciation on the assets added / disposed of during the year is provided on pro-rata basis with reference to the month of addition / disposal.

Value of land acquired under Coal Bearing Area (Acquisition & Development) Act, 1957 is amortised on the basis of the balance life of the project. Value of leasehold land is amortised on the basis of lease period or balance life of the project whichever is earlier.

Fully depreciated assets, retired from active use are disclosed separately as surveyed off assets at its residual value under Property, plant Equipment and are tested for impairment.

Capital Expenses incurred by the company on construction/development of certain assets which are essential for production, supply of goods or for the access to any existing Assets of the company are recognised as Enabling Assets under Property, Plant and Equipment.

#### Transition to Ind AS

The company elected to continue with the carrying value as per cost model (for all of its property, plant and equipment as recognised in the financial statements as at the date of transition to Ind ASs, measured as per the previous GAAP.

#### Mine Closure, Site Restoration and Decommissioning Obligation

The company's obligation for land reclamation and decommissioning of structures consists of spending at both surface and underground mines in accordance with the guidelines from Ministry of Coal, Government of India. The company estimates its obligation for Mine Closure, Site Restoration and Decommissioning based upon detailed calculation and technical assessment of the amount and timing of the future cash spending to perform the required work. Mine Closure expenditure is provided as per approved Mine Closure Plan. The estimates of expenses are escalated for inflation, and then discounted at a discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks, such that the amount of provision reflects the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The company records a corresponding asset associated with the liability for final reclamation and mine closure. The obligation and corresponding assets are recognised in the period in which the liability is incurred. The asset representing the total site restoration cost (as estimated by Central Mine Planning and Design Institute Limited) as per mine closure plan is recognised as a separate item in PPE and amortised over the balance project/mine life.

A specific escrow fund account is maintained to set aside the fund required to settle the obligation as per the approved mine closure plan. The progressive mine closure expenses incurred on year to year basis forming part of the total mine closure obligation is initially recognised as receivable from escrow account with the concurrence of the certifying agency and thereafter adjusted with the obligation in the year in which the amount is withdrawn.



The value of the provision is progressively increased over time as the effect of discounting unwinds; creating an expense recognised as financial expenses.

# **Exploration and Evaluation Assets**

Exploration and evaluation assets comprise capitalised costs which are attributable to the search for coal and related resources, the determination of technical feasibility and the assessment of commercial viability of an identified resource which comprises inter alia the following:

- O researching and analysing historical exploration data;
- O gathering exploration data through topographical, geo chemical and geo physical studies;
- O exploratory drilling, trenching and sampling;
- O determining and examining the volume and grade of the resource;
- O surveying transportation and infrastructure requirements;
- O Conducting market and finance studies.

The above includes employee remuneration, materials and fuel used, payments to contractors etc.

As the intangible component represents an insignificant/indistinguishable portion of the overall expected tangible costs to be incurred and recouped from future exploitation, these costs along with other capitalised exploration costs are recorded as exploration and evaluation asset.

Exploration and evaluation costs are capitalised on a project by project basis pending determination of technical feasibility and commercial viability of the project and disclosed as a separate line item under non-current assets. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated impairment/provision.

Once proved reserves are determined and development of mines/project is sanctioned, exploration and evaluation assets are transferred to "Development" under capital work in progress. However, in case of proved reserves are not determined, the exploration and evaluation asset is derecognised.

# **Development Expenditure**

When proved reserves are determined and development of mines/project is sanctioned, capitalised exploration and evaluation cost is recognised as assets under construction and disclosed as a component of capital work in progress under the head "Development". All subsequent development expenditure is also capitalised. The development expenditure capitalised is net of proceeds from the sale of coal extracted during the development phase.

# **Commercial Operation**

The project/mines are brought to revenue; when commercial readiness of a project/mine to yield production on a sustainable basis is established either on the basis of conditions specifically stated in the project report or on the basis of the following criteria:

- (a) From beginning of the financial year immediately after the year in which the project achieves physical output of 25% of rated capacity as per approved project report, or
- (b) 2 years of touching of coal, or



(c) From the beginning of the financial year in which the value of production is more than total, expenses.

Whichever event occurs first;

On being brought to revenue, the assets under capital work in progress are reclassified as a component of property, plant and equipment under the nomenclature "Other Mining Infrastructure". Other Mining Infrastructure are amortised from the year when the mine is brought under revenue in 20 years or working life of the project whichever is less.

# **Intangible Assets**

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation (calculated on a straight-line basis over their useful lives) and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Instead, the related expenditure is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period in which the expenditure is incurred. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over their useful economic lives and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit or loss

Exploration and Evaluation assets attributable to blocks identified for sale or proposed to be sold to outside agencies are however, classified as Intangible Assets and tested for impairment.

Cost of Software recognized as intangible asset, is amortised on straight line method over a period of legal right to use or three years, whichever is less; with a nil residual value.

# **Impairment**

The Company assess at the end of each reporting period whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other



assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cashgenerating unit to which the asset belongs.

# **Investment Property**

Property (land or a building or part of a building or both) held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both, rather than for, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or sale in the ordinary course of businesses are classified as investment property.

Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs.

Investment properties are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives.

# **Financial Instruments**

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

#### **Financial assets**

# Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

#### Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Debt instruments at amortised cost
- O Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- O Debt instruments, derivatives and equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- O Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

# Debt instruments at amortised cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.



After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

#### **Debt instrument at FVTOCI**

A 'debt instrument' is classified as at the FVTOCI if both of the following criteria are met:

- a) The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- b) The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, the Company recognizes interest income, impairment losses & reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the P&L. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to P&L. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

#### **Debt instrument at FVTPL**

FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

In addition, the Company may elect to designate a debt instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVTOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. However, such election is allowed only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch'). The Company has not designated any debt instrument as at FVTPL.

Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the P&L.

# Equity investments in subsidiaries, associates and Joint Ventures

In accordance of Ind AS 101 (First time adoption of Ind AS), the carrying amount of these investments as per previous GAAP as on the date of transition is considered to be the deemed cost. Subsequently Investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are measured at cost.

#### Other Equity Investment

All other equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.



If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to P&L, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the P&L.

# Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

O The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

O The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans,

debt securities, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance

b) Financial assets that are debt instruments and are measured as at FVTOCI

c) Lease receivables under Ind AS 17

d) Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 11 and Ind AS 18

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on:

Trade receivables or contract revenue receivables; and

O All lease receivables resulting from transactions within the scope of Ind AS 17

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.



# Financial liabilities Initial recognition and measurement

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

# Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

# Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/ loss are not subsequently transferred to P&L. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

# Financial liabilities at amortised cost

This is the category most relevant to the Company. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss. This category generally applies to borrowings.

#### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially



modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability (or part of a financial liability) extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, shall be recognised in profit or loss.

# Reclassification of financial assets

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The Company's senior management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the Company's operations. Such changes are evident to external parties. A change in the business model occurs when the Company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.

The following table shows various reclassification and how they are accounted for

Original classification	Revised classification	Accounting treatment
Amortised cost	FVTPL	Fair value is measured at reclassification date. Difference between previous amortized cost and fair value is recognised in P&L.
FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Fair value at reclassification date becomes its new gross carrying amount. EIR is calculated based on the new gross carrying amount.
Amortised cost	FVTOCI	Fair value is measured at reclassification date. Difference between previous amortised cost and fair value is recognised in OCI. No change in EIR due to reclassification.
FVTOCI	Amortised cost	Fair value at reclassification date becomes its new amortised cost carrying amount. However, cumulative gain or loss in OCI is adjusted against fair value. Consequently, the asset is measured as if it had always been measured at amortised cost.
FVTPL	FVTOCI	Fair value at reclassification date becomes its new carrying amount. No other adjustment is required.
FVTOCI	FVTPL	Assets continue to be measured at fair value. Cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified to P&L at the reclassification date.



# Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

# **Borrowing Costs**

Borrowing costs are expensed as incurred except where there directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets i.e. the assets that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for intended use, in which case they are capitalised as part of the cost of those asset up to the date when the qualifying asset is ready for its intended use.

#### **Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax is the amount of income taxes payable (recoverable) in respect of the taxable profit (tax loss) for a period. Taxable profit differs from "profit before income tax" as reported in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent, that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting year and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.



Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

# **Employee Benefits**

#### **Short-term Benefits**

All short term employee benefits are recognized in the period in which they are incurred.

# Post-employment benefits and other long term employee benefits

#### Defined contributions plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan for Provident fund and Pension under which the company pays fixed contribution into fund maintained by a separate statutory body (Coal Mines Provident Fund) constituted under an enactment of law and the company will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an employee benefit expense in the statement of profit and loss in the periods during which services are rendered by employees.

# **Defined benefits plans**

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. Gratuity, leave encashment are defined benefit plans (with ceilings on benefits). The company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return of their service in the current and prior periods. The benefit is discounted to determine its present value and reduced by the fair value of plan assets, if any. The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Indian Government securities as at the reporting date that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the company's obligations and that are denominated in the same currency in which the benefits are expected to be paid.

The application of actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rate, expected rates of return on assets, future salary increases, mortality rates etc. Due to the long term nature of these plans, such estimates are subject to uncertainties. The calculation is performed annually by an actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in to the benefit to the company, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of the economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reduction in future contributions to the plan. An



economic benefit is available to the company if it is realisable during the life of the plan, or on settlement of plan liabilities.

Re-measurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gain and losses considering the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effects of the assets ceiling (if any, excluding interest) are recognised immediately in the other comprehensive income. The company determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then net defined benefit liability (asset), taking into account any changes in the net defined benefit liability (asset) during the period as a result of contributions and benefit payments. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in profit and loss.

When the benefits of the plan are improved, the portion of the increased benefit relating to past service by employees is recognised as expense immediately in the statement of profit and loss.

# Other Employee benefits

Certain other employee benefits namely benefit on account of LTA, LTC, Life Cover scheme, Group personal Accident insurance scheme, settlement allowance, post-retirement medical benefit scheme and compensation to dependents of deceased in mine accidents etc., are also recognised on the same basis as described above for defined benefits plan. These benefits do not have specific funding.

# **Foreign Currency**

The company's reported currency and the functional currency for majority of its operations is in Indian Rupees (INR) being the principal currency of the economic environment in which it operates.

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into the reported currency of the company using the exchange rate prevailing at the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies outstanding at the end of the reporting period are translated at the exchange rates prevailing as at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary assets and liabilities or on translating monetary assets and liabilities at rates different from those at which they were translated on initial recognition during the period or in previous financial statements shall be recognised in statement of profit and loss in the period in which they arise.

Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currency are valued at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of transactions.

#### Stripping Activity Expense/Adjustment

In case of opencast mining, the mine waste materials ("overburden") which consists of soil and rock on the top of coal seam is required to be removed to get access to the coal and its extraction. This waste removal activity is known as 'Stripping'. In opencast mines, the company has to incur such expenses over the life of the mine (as technically estimated by CMPDIL and recorded in the project report).



Therefore, as a policy, in the mines with rated capacity of one million tonnes per annum and above, cost of Stripping is charged on technically evaluated average stripping ratio (COAL: OB) at each mine with due adjustment for stripping activity asset and ratio-variance account after the mines are brought to revenue. Net of balances of stripping activity asset and ratio variance at the Balance Sheet date is shown as Stripping Activity Adjustment under the head Non - Current Assets/ Non-Current Provisions as the case may be.

The reported quantity of overburden as per record is considered in calculating the ratio for OBR accounting where the variance between reported quantity and measured quantity is within the lower of the two alternative permissible limits, as detailed hereunder:-

Annual Quantum of OBR Of the Mine	Permiss	sible limits of variance
		il di
	%	Quantum (in Mill. Cu. Mtr.)
Less than 1 Mill. CUM	+/- 5%	0.03
Between 1 and 5 Mill. CUM	+/- 3%	0.20
More than 5 Mill. CUM	+/- 2%	Nil

However, where the variance is beyond the permissible limits as above, the measured quantity is considered.

#### Inventories

#### A. Stock of Coal

Inventories of coal/coke are stated at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of inventory is calculated using the weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

Book stock of coal is considered in the accounts where the variance between book stock and measured stock is up to +/-5% and in cases where the variance is beyond +/-5% the measured stock is considered. Such stock are valued at net realisable value or cost whichever is lower. Coke is considered as a part of stock of coal.

Coal & coke-fines are valued at lower of cost or net realisable value and considered as a part of stock of coal.

Slurry (coking/semi-coking), middling of washeries and by products are valued at net realisable value and considered as a part of stock of coal.

#### **B. Stores & Spares**

The Stock of stores & spare parts (which also includes loose tools) at central & area stores are considered as per balances appearing in priced stores ledger and are valued at cost calculated on the basis of weighted average method. The inventory of stores & spare parts lying at collieries / sub-



stores / drilling camps/ consuming centres are considered at the yearend only as per physically verified stores and are valued at cost.

Provisions are made at the rate of 100% for unserviceable, damaged and obsolete stores and spares and at the rate of 50% for stores & spares not moved for 5 years.

#### C. Other Inventories

Workshop jobs including work-in-progress are valued at cost. Stock of press jobs (including work in progress) and stationary at printing press and medicines at central hospital are valued at cost. However, Stock of stationery (other than lying at printing press), bricks, sand, medicine (except at Central Hospitals), aircraft spares and scraps are not considered in inventory considering their value not being significant.

# **Provisions, Contingent Liabilities & Contingent Assets**

Provisions are recognized when the company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

All provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future uncertain events not wholly within the control of the company, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

Contingent Assets are not recognised in the financial statements. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and its recognition is appropriate.

# Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per shares is computed by dividing the profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per shares and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

#### **Judgements, Estimates and Assumptions**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and



the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the amount of revenue and expenses during the reported period. Application of accounting policies involving complex and subjective judgements and the use of assumptions in these financial statements have been disclosed. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimate are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

# **Judgements**

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

# **Formulation of Accounting Policies**

Accounting policies are formulated in a manner that result in financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about the transactions, other events and conditions to which they apply. Those policies need not be applied when the effect of applying them is immaterial.

In the absence of an Ind AS that specifically applies to a transaction, other event or condition, management has used its judgement in developing and applying an accounting policy that results in information that is:

- a) relevant to the economic decision-making needs of users and
- b) reliable in that financial statements:
  - (i) represent faithfully the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the entity;
  - (ii) reflect the economic substance of transactions, other events and conditions, and not merely the legal form;
  - (iii) are neutral, i.e. free from bias;
  - (iv) are prudent; and
  - (v) are complete in all material respects on a consistent basis

In making the judgement management refers to, and considers the applicability of, the following sources in descending order:

- a) the requirements in Ind ASs dealing with similar and related issues; and
- b) the definitions, recognition criteria and measurement concepts for assets, liabilities, income and expenses in the Framework.

In making the judgement, management considers the most recent pronouncements of International Accounting Standards Board and in absence thereof those of the other standard-setting bodies that use a similar conceptual framework to develop accounting standards, other accounting literature and accepted industry practices, to the extent that these do not conflict with the sources in above paragraph.

The Company operates in the mining sector (a sector where the exploration, evaluation, development production phases are based on the varied topographical and geomining terrain



spread over the lease period running over decades and prone to constant changes), the accounting policies whereof have evolved based on specific industry practices supported by research committees and approved by the various regulators owing to its consistent application over the last several decades. In the absence of specific accounting literature, guidance and standards in certain specific areas which are in the process of evolution. The Company continues to strive to develop accounting policies in line with the development of accounting literature and any development therein shall be accounted for prospectively as per the procedure laid down above more particularly in Ind AS 8.

#### Materiality

Ind AS applies to items which are material. Management uses judgment in deciding whether individual items or groups of item are material in the financial statements. Materiality is judged by reference to the size and nature of the item. The deciding factor is whether omission or misstatement could individually or collectively influence the economic decisions that users make on the basis of the financial statements. Management also uses judgement of materiality for determining the compliance requirement of the Ind AS. In particular circumstances either the nature or the amount of an item or aggregate of items could be the determining factor. Further an entity may also be required to present separately immaterial items when required by law.

#### **Operating lease**

Company has entered into lease agreements. The Company has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, such as the lease term not constituting a major part of the economic life of the commercial property and the fair value of the asset, that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties and accounts for the contracts as operating leases.

#### **Estimates and assumptions**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Company considers individual mines as separate cash generating units for the purpose of test of impairment. The value in use calculation is based on a DCF model. The cash flows are derived from the budget for the next five years and do not include restructuring activities that the Company is not yet committed to or significant future investments that will enhance the asset's performance of the CGU being tested. The recoverable amount is sensitive to the discount rate used for the DCF model as well as the expected future cash-inflows and the growth rate used for extrapolation



purposes. These estimates are most relevant to other mining infrastructures. The key assumptions used to determine the recoverable amount for the different CGUs, are disclosed and further explained in respective notes.

#### **Taxes**

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. Further details on taxes are disclosed in Note 39.

# Defined benefit plans

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and other post-employment medical benefits and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates.

Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date. The parameter most subject to change is the discount rate. In determining the appropriate discount rate for plans operated in India, the management considers the interest rates of government bonds in currencies consistent with the currencies of the post-employment benefit obligation.

The mortality rate is based on publicly available mortality tables of the country. Those mortality tables tend to change only at interval in response to demographic changes. Future salary increases and gratuity increases are based on expected future inflation rate.

#### Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the DCF model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

#### Intangible asset under development

The Company capitalises intangible asset under development for a project in accordance with the accounting policy. Initial capitalisation of costs is based on management's judgement that technological and economic feasibility is confirmed, usually when a project report is formulated by Central Mine Planning and Design Institute Limited.



# Provision for Mine Closure, Site Restoration and Decommissioning Obligation

In determining the fair value of the provision for Mine Closure, Site Restoration and Decommissioning Obligation, assumptions and estimates are made in relation to discount rates, the expected cost of site restoration and dismantling and the expected timing of those costs. The Company estimates provision using the DCF method considering life of the project/mine based on following assumptions:

- Estimated cost per hectare as specified in guidelines issued by ministry, Government of India
- Discount rate 8%



# NOTE – 39: ADDITIONAL NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2017

# . Fair Value measurement

(a) Financial Instruments by Category (Rs in Lakhs)

	315	<sup>t</sup> March			t March	2016		1 April 2015		
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	Cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost
Financial Assets					-				ŕ	
Investments:					,					
Secured Bonds			_				_			
Preference Share in Subsidiary				· •		-				
Mutual Fund					!				•	•
Loans										
Deposits & receivable		· ·	81.30			111.44				111.45
Trade receivables										
Cash & cash equivalents	·		2409.36			2371.66				233.72
Other Bank Balances										
				-	:					
Financial Liabilities										
Borrowings		.:	882.71			743.62			•	607.82
Trade payables		* .		·						
Security Deposit and Earnest money	·					-			,	
Other Liabilities			12.04			5.99				4.86

The company considers that the "Security Deposits" does not include a significant financing component. The milestone payments (security deposits) coincide with the company's performance and the contract requires amounts to be retained for reasons other than the provision of finance. The withholding of a specified percentage of each milestone payment is intended to protect the interest of the company, from the contractor failing to adequately complete its



obligations under the contract'. Accordingly transaction cost of Security deposit is considered as fair value at initial recognition and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

#### (b) Fair value hierarchy

Table below shows Judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table. (Rs.in lakhs)

Financial assets and				31	31st March 2016			1 April 2015		
liabilities measured at fair value – recurring fair value . measurement	Level I	Level II	Level III	Level I	Level II	Level III	Level I	Level II	Level III	
Financial Assets at FVT	PL			•			.:	,	,	
Investments:										
Mutual Fund	NIL			NIL			NIL			
Financial Liabilities		<u> </u>			<u> </u>		<u> </u>		I	
If any item	#	-	-	•	-	-	_	-	_	

Financial assets and	31	t March 20	)17	31	<sup>t</sup> March 20	)16	1	April 201	5
liabilities measured at amortised cost for which fair values are	Level I	Level II	Level III	Level I	Level II	Level III	Level I	Level II	Level III
disclosed at 31st	Level I	Leveili	Leverin	reveri	Levei ii	Leveriii	Leveii	Level II	Leverini
March, 2017							-	1 1	
Financial Assets at FVT	PL '						,		•
Investments:								, "	,
Equity Shares in JV	,					· ·			
Mutual Fund	NIL			NIL			NIL		
Financial Liabilities		<u> </u>	1			•		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Preference Share									
Borrowings			882. <i>7</i> 1			743.62			607.82
Trade payables									
Security Deposit and									
Earnest money									
Other Liabilities			12.04			5.99	, '		4.86

<u>Level1:</u> Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes mutual funds that have quoted price and are valued using the closing NAV.

<u>Level 2:</u> The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

<u>Level 3:</u> If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level



3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities, preference shares borrowings, security deposits and other liabilities taken included in level 3.

# Valuation technique used in determining fair value

Valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- O The use of quoted market prices of instruments
- O The fair value of the remaining financial instruments is determined using discounted cash flow analysis.

# Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs

At present there are no fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs.

(vi) Fair values of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost. (Rs.in lakhs)

	31st March 2017		31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2016		1 April 2015	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Assets						
Loans				<u> </u>		
Financial liabilities			,	,		
Borrowings	882.71	882.71	882.71	882.71	882.71	882.71
Security Deposit and Earnest money						

- > The carrying amounts of trade receivables, short term deposits, cash and cash equivalents, trade payables are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.
- Other Financial assets accounted at amortised cost is not carried at fair value only if same is not material.
- > The fair values for loans, security deposits and investment in preference shares were calculated based on cash flows discounted using a current lending rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy.
- Significant estimates: the fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. Company uses its judgement to select a method and makes suitable assumptions at the end of eac' reporting period.

# 2. RISK ANALYSIS AND MANAGEMENT

#### Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities, comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations and to provide guarantees to support its operations. The Company's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables, and cash and cash equivalents that is derived directly from its operations.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The Group's senior management is supported by a risk committee that advises, inter alia, on financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Group. The risk committee provides assurance to the Board of



Directors that the Group's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Group's policies and risk objectives. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below.

The Group is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the impact of hedge accounting in the financial statements

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit Risk	Cash and Cash equivalents, trade receivables financial asset measured at amortised cost	Ageing analysis	Department of public enterprises (DPE guidelines), diversification of bank deposits credit limits and other securities
Liquidity Risk	Borrowings and other liabilities	Periodic cash flows	Availability of committed credit lines and borrowing facilities
Market Risk- foreign exchange	Future commercial transactions, recognised financial assets and liabilities not denominated in INR	Cash flow forecast sensitivity analysis	Regular watch and review by senior management and audit committee.
Market Risk- interest rate	Cash and Cash equivalents, Bank deposits and mutual funds	Cash flow forecast sensitivity analysis	Department of public enterprises (DPE guidelines), Regular watch and review by senior management and audit committee.

The group risk management is carried out by the board of directors as per DPE guidelines issued by Government of India. The board provides written principals for overall risk management as well as policies covering investment of excess liquidity.

A. Credit Risk: Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, investments carried at amortised cost and deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as including outstanding receivables.

#### **Credit risk management:**

Macro - economic information (such as regulatory changes) is incorporated as part of the fuel supply agreements (FSAs) and e-auction terms

#### **Fuel Supply Agreements**

As contemplated in and in accordance with the terms of the NCDP, we enter into legally enforceable FSAs with our customers or with State Nominated Agencies that in turn enters into appropriate distribution arrangements with end customers. Our FSAs can be broadly categorized into:

- O FSAs with customers in the power utilities sector, including State power utilities, private power utilities ("PPUs") and independent power producers ("IPPs");
- O FSAs with customers in non-power industries (including captive power plants ("CPPs")); and
- O FSAs with State Nominated Agencies.



In addition to the FSA forms discussed above, WCL currently supplies coal under certain "cost plus" coal supply agreements.

#### **E-Auction Scheme**

The E-Auction scheme of coal has been introduced to provide access to coal for customers who were not able to source their coal requirement through the available institutional mechanisms under the NCDP for various reasons, for example, due to a less than full allocation of their normative requirement under NCDP, seasonality of their coal requirement and limited requirement of coal that does not warrant a long-term linkage. The quantity of coal to be offered under E-Auction is reviewed from time to time by the MoC.

## A. Liquidity Risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, group treasury maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed credit lines.

Management monitors forecasts of the group's liquidity position (comprising the undrawn borrowing facilities below) and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. This is generally carried out at local level in the operating companies of the group in accordance with practice and limits set by the group.

# (i) Financing arrangements

The group had access to the following undrawn borrowing facilities at the end of the reporting period:

	31.03.2017	31.03.2016	01.04.2015
Expiring within one year (Bank overdraft	Nil		
and other facilities)			4.
Expiring beyond one year (Bank Loans)	Nil		

# (ii) Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities.

The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

(Rs.in lakhs)

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities 31.03.2017	Less than 3 months	3 months to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 year to 2 years	2 year to 5 years	Total
Borrowings	882.71					882.71
Obligation under finance lease					•	
Trade payables						. **•
Other financial liabilities	12.04					12.04
Total	894.75					894.75



Contractual maturities of financial liabilities 31.03.2016	Less than 3 months	3 months to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 year to 2 years	2 year to 5 years	Total
Borrowings	743.62					743.62
Obligation under finance lease						
Trade payables						
Other financial liabilities	5.99					5.99
Total ·	749.61					749.61

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities 01.04.2015	Less than 3 months	3 months to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 year to 2 years	2 year to 5 years	Total
Borrowings	607.82					607.82
Obligation under finance lease				•		
Trade payables						
Other financial liabilities	4.86					4.86
Total	612.68					612.68

#### B. Market risk

a) Foreign currency risk

The group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from foreign currency transactions. Foreign exchange risk in respect of foreign operation is considered to be insignificant. The group also imports and risk is managed by regular follow up. Company has a policy which is implemented when foreign currency risk becomes significant.

# b) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk 107(33)(a),

The Company's main interest rate risk arises from bank deposits with change in interest rate exposes the Company to cash flow interest rate risk. Company policy is to maintain most of its deposits at fixed rate.

Company manages the risk using guidelines from Department of public enterprises (DPE), diversification of bank deposits credit limits and other securities

# 3. Employee Benefits: Recognition and Measurement (Ind AS-19)

# i) Provident Fund:

Company pays fixed contribution towards Provident Fund and Pension Fund at predetermined rates to a separate trust named Coal Mines Provident Fund (CMPF), which invests the fund in permitted securities. The contribution towards the fund during the yearis 2016-17 has been recognized in the Statement of Profit & Loss (Note 28) by JA,MCL.

#### 4. Unrecognised items:

# a) Contingent Liabilities

Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts (including interest, wherever applicable) (

in Crore)



	Claims against the company not ack	nowledged as debt	
,		31.03.2017	31.03.2016
1	Central Govt.	NIL	**
	a. Royalty (NMET)		•
	b. Central Excise		
	c. Clean Energy Cess		
	d. Demurrage		
	e. Perquisite Tax		
	f. Railway Restoration Charges		
	g, Service Tax		
	h. Income Tax		
<u> </u>	i. Any Other Item (disclose the nature)		
2	State Govt. and Local authorities	NIL	
	a. Sales Tax		
	b. Stamp Duty		•
	c. Royalty		
	d. Water Tax		. ,
	e. Entry Tax/OET		
	f. Land dispute		
	g. Surface Rent		
·	h. Any Other Item(disclose the nature)		
3	Central Public Sector Enterprises	NIL	
	a. Suit against the company under litigation		
	b. Any Item (disclose the nature)	\ 161	
4	Others	NIL	
	a. Resettlement & Rehabiliation Cost		
	b. Compensation	•	
	c. Coal Transportation		
	d. Arbitration & Civil Suits		
	e. Other Suits against the co.		
	f. Any Other Item (disclose the nature)	NIII	
L	Total	NIL	

Note: The list is illustrative and can be modified as per requirement

#### b) Commitments

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for Others:

# c) Letter of Credit:

As on 31.03.2017 outstanding letters of credit is NIL (As at 31.03.2016 0.00 Crore) and bank guarantee issued is Rs 22.24 Crore (As at 31.03.2016 Rs 22.24 Crore).

# 5. Other Information

#### a) Government Assistance

Subsidy for Sand Stowing & Protective Works includes Rs Nil received from Ministry of Coal, Government of India in terms of Coal Mines (Conservation & Development) Act, 1974



towards reimbursement of expenditure incurred for the Sand Stowing & Protective Works by NEC during the F.Y. 2016-17.

#### b) Provisions

The position and movement of various provisions except those relating to employee benefits which are valued actuarially, as on 31.03.2017 are given below: (Rs. in Crore)

Provisions	Opening Balance as	Addition during the	Write back/		Closing Balance as on
LIOAISION	on 1.4.2016	year	the year	discounts	31.3.2017
Note 3:-Property, Plant and Equipment:					
Accumulated Depreciation					
Impairment of Assets:					
Note 4:- Capital Work in Progress : Against CWIP					
Impairment	ļ				
Note 5:Exploration And Evaluation Assets:				l	
Provision					
Impairment	,				
Note 6:- Non Current Assets Held For Sale:		7			
Provision					
Impairment			·		
Note 8:- Loans :					
Provision for Doubtful Loans:					
Note 9:- Other Financial Assets:					
Claim receivables :				1	
Other Receivables : Note 10:- Other Non-Current Assets :					
Doubtful Advances	'	ļ.			
Exploratory Drilling Work					1
Against Security Deposit for Utilities			,		
Other Deposits			-		
Note 11:- Other Current Assets :					
Advances for Revenue :				,	
Advance Payment Against Statutory Dues:					
Other Deposits:					
Advances to Employees	•				
Note 12:-Inventories :			1		
Stock of Coal Stock of Stores & Spares					
WIP & Finished Goods					
Note 13:-Trade Receivables :		·		· .	
Provision for bad & doubtful debts :					
Note 20:Non-Current & Current Provision :					
Performance related pay			:.		
NCWA-X					
Mine Closure		'			
Others					

# c) Segment Reporting

In accordance with the provisions of Ind AS 108 'operating segment', the operating segment used for presenting segment information are identified based on internal reports used by BOD to allocate resources to the segments and assess their performance. The BOD is the group of Chief operating decision maker within the meaning of Ind AS 108.



The Board of directors consider a business from a prospect of significant product offerings and have decided that presently there is one single reportable segment being sale of Coal. Information of financial performance and net asset is presented in the consolidated information of p/L and Balance sheet.

Revenue by destination is a follows

	India	Other countries	
Revenue			

Revenue by customer is as follows

Customer name	Amount (in Crores)	Country	
Name of each parties having more than 10% of Net sales value			
Others			
		. :	

Net current asset by location are as follows

•		India	Other countries
	Net Current Asset		

# d) Related Party Transactions within Group

The Company being a Government related entity is exempt from the general disclosure requirements in relation to related party transactions and outstanding balances with the controlling Government and another entity under same Government.

Company has entered into transactions with its holding Company & other co-subsidiaries which include Apex charges, Rehabilitation charges, CMPDIL Expenses, R&D Expenses, Lease rent, IICM charges and other expenditure incurred by or on behalf of other subsidiaries through current account.

As per Ind AS 24, following are the disclosures regarding nature and amount of significant transactions.

Name of the Company	Nature of relationship	Amount of transactions during the year
MAHANADI COALFIELDS LIMITED	600% Holding Company	1.39 Cr.
JSW STEEL LTD	11% Subsidiary of Holding Company	
JSW ENERGY LTD	11% Subsidiary of Holding Company	
JSL STAINLESS LTD	09% Subsidiary of Holding Company	
SHYAM METALLICS & ENERGY LTD	09% Subsidiary of Holding Company	

#### e) Insurance and escalation claims

Insurance and escalation claims are accounted for on the basis of admission/final settlement.



# f) Provisions made in the Accounts

Provisions made in the accounts against slow moving/non-moving/obsolete stores, claims receivable, advances, doubtful debts etc. are considered adequate to cover possible losses.

# g) Current Assets, Loans and Advances etc.

In the opinion of the Management, assets other than fixed assets and non-current investments have a value on realisation in the ordinary course of business at least equal to the amount at which they are stated.

# h) Current Liabilities

Estimated liability has been provided where actual liability could not be measured.

#### i) Balance Confirmations

Balance confirmation/reconciliation is carried out for cash &bank balances, certain loans & advances, long term liabilities and current liabilities. Provision is taken against all doubtful unconfirmed balances.

Pursuant to notification no. G.S.R 632 E dated 14.08.2015 issued by the Ministry of Mines (Government of India) regarding formation of National Mineral Exploration Trust Fund u/s 9C of the Mines & Minerals (Development and Regulation) Amendment Act, 2015 (MMDR Act), Company has implemented collection from customers additional royalty @ 2% on royalty during FY 2015-16.

k) Value of imports on CIF basis (1) in Crore)

Particulars	For the year ended 31.03.2017	For the year ended 31.03.2016
(i) Raw Material	NIL	NIL
(ii) Capital Goods	NIL	NIL
(iii) Stores, Spares & Components	NIL	NIL

l) Expenditure incurred in Foreign Currency (□in Crore)

Particulars	For the year ended 31.03.2017	For the year ended 31.03.2016
Travelling Expenses	NIL	NIL .
Training Expenses	NIL	NIL
Consultancy Charges	· NIL	NIL ·
Interest	NIL	NIL
Stores and Spares	NIL	NIL
Capital Goods	NIL	NIL
Others	NIL .	NIL .

m) Earning in Foreign Exchange:

Particulars	For the year ended 31.03.2017	For the year ended 31.03.2016
Travelling Expenses	NIL	NIL
Training Expenses	NIL	NIL
Consultancy Charges	NIL	NIL



n) Total Consumption of Stores and Spares (Rs. in Crore)

Particulars		ear ended 3.2017	For the year ended 31.03.2016	
	Amount	% of total consumption	Amount	% of total consumption
(i) Imported Materials	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
(ii) Indigenous	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

o) Statement of Opening Stock, Production, Purchases, Turnover and Closing Stock of Coal

(

in Crore and Quantity in MT)

-	For the year ended 31.03.2017		For the year ended 31.03.2016	
·	Qty.	Value	Qty.	Value
Opening Stock	NIL	NIL	NIL	· NIL
Production	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Sales	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Own Consumption	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Write Off	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Closing Stock	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

# p) Details of Loans given, Investments made and Guarantee given covered u/s 186(4) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Loans given and Investments made are given under the respective heads. Corporate guarantees given by the company in respect of loans as at 31.03.2017.

(1) in Crore)

1	Name of the Company	As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016
		NIL	NIL

# q) Significant accounting policy

Significant accounting policy (Note-38) has been suitably modified / re-drafted over previous period, as found necessary to elucidate the accounting policies adopted by the Company in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind ASs) notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA)under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

The impact of change in accounting policy and other changes to comply with Ind AS in Net Profit is stated below:

#### Reconciliation of Profit between IND AS and previous Indian GAAP (II in Crore) Year ended SI. Nature of Adjustments 31.03.2016 No. Net Profit as per previous Indian GAAP (after tax) NIL Remeasurement of Mine Closure Provision as per Ind AS 16 (Net of tax) Actuarial loss/gain on remeasurement of employee defined benefit plan as per Ind AS 19 recognised in "Other Comprehensive Income" (Net of tax) Effect of adjustments relating to Prior period (Net of tax) Net Profit as per Ind AS (after tax) attributable to equity share holders Other Comprehensive Income (after tax) Total Comprehensive Income as per Ind AS (after tax) attributable to equity share holders NIL



## 6. First time adoption of Ind AS

These financial statements, for the year ended 31 March 2017, are the first the Company has prepared in accordance with Ind AS. For periods up to and including the year ended 31 March 2016, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (Indian GAAP). Accordingly, the Company has prepared financial statements which comply with Ind AS applicable for periods ending on 31 March 2017, together with the comparative period data as at and for the year ended 31 March 2016, as described in the summary of significant accounting policies. In preparing these financial statements, the Company's opening balance sheet was prepared as at 1 April 2015, the Company's date of transition to Ind AS. This note explains the principal adjustments made by the Company in restating its Indian GAAP financial statements, including the balance sheet as at 1 April 2015 and the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 March 2016.

Exemptions applied Ind AS 101 allows first-time adopters certain exemptions from the retrospective application of certain requirements under Ind AS. The Company has applied the following exemptions:

(i) Fair value measurement of financial assets or financial liabilities (Ind AS 101.D20)

First-time adopters may apply Ind AS 109 to day one gain or loss provisions prospectively to transactions occurring on or after the date of transition to Ind AS. Therefore, unless a first-time adopter elects to apply Ind AS 109 retrospectively to day one gain or loss transactions, transactions that occurred prior to the date of transition to Ind AS do not need to be retrospectively restated.

As a first time adopter of Ind AS, the Company has opted to apply Ind AS 109 prospectively.

(ii) Mine Closure, Site Restoration and Decommissioning Obligation in Property, Plant and Equipment (Ind AS 101.D21)

Appendix 'A' to Ind AS 16 Changes in Existing Decommissioning, Restoration and Similar Liabilities requires specified changes in a decommissioning, restoration or similar liability to be added to or deducted from the cost of the asset to which it relates; the adjusted depreciable amount of the asset is then depreciated prospectively over its remaining useful life. A first-time adopter need not comply with these requirements for changes in such liabilities that occurred before the date of transition to Ind AS. In other words, a first-time adopter will not need to estimate what provision would have been calculated at earlier reporting dates. Instead, the decommissioning liability is calculated at the date of transition and it is assumed that the same liability (adjusted only for the time value of money) existed when the asset was first acquired/constructed.

As a first time adopter of Ind AS, the Company has calculated the Mine Closure, Site Restoration and Decommissioning Obligation at the date of transition assuming that the same liability (present value) existed when the asset was first acquired/constructed.



Reconciliation of equity as at 1st April, 2015 (date of transition to Ind AS) (Rs in Lakhs)

	Foot	Indian	Adjustment	Ind AS
ASSETS	Note	GAAP		
Non-Current Assets	Security Security Control of Cont	Hard-Model (Connections Complete of Complete part unitary presenting ( ) of planting ( ) of pl	Na - 1889 (1944) Printer Li Marine Art de des de de de de des	California (California California (California California California California California (California California California California California California (California California Califor
(a) Property, Plant &Equipments		4094.58	0.00	4094.58
(b) Capital Work in Progress		1795.65	0.00	1 <i>7</i> 95.65
(c) Exploration and Evaluation Assets		1531.92	0.00	1531.92
(d) Investment Property		manifestation (Control of the Control of the Contro	forced and see the second control of the second	grandination discussion for the street, and subject of the street, and the str
(e) Intangible Assets		etta enere tra esta productiva agua estatuat.	Proposition and Adam State for	stives of the No. 1
(f) Intangible Assets under Developmen	t	number (1977), and sold all property (1974) defined a symbology (1974) defined a	######################################	derror Andrews of the second s
(g) Non-Current Assets Held for Sale			Angel Carlot All Carlot San Carlot San Carlot	anggeographic company ang company of summers. I summer a management his
(h) Financial Assets			kine mende diktoriist ji sidan me forminin komalinsi anaman kamaian se	materioritetistisimmetriiliikista ammeele este vard oo kuu stan statuu ittiin see see
(i) Investments			4,500,200,500	
(ii) Loans	<u> </u>	and and the second	no amenimentalismos la tribundo sa nice escentir se escentir se escentir se escentir se escentir se escentir s	
(iii) Other Financial Assets	5. 213.2 4.3.2		registracy († 1877)	
(i) Deferred Tax Assets (net)	in aloud all to be a still a desire to the desire the end of the amount and a line in the aloue		ราครั้งคุณและทำนักให้เกี่ยว และที่เกิดตั้งในสำเร็จทำให้ที่ให้เกิดตามังคลีเพียงของ (เหลี่และครั้งค่อย)	Sale bed Sale Sale of the sale is the sale is the sale of the sale
(j) Other non-current assets				providence of the control of the con
Total Non-Current Assets (A)	ere mainte et (1998) et elle et et en en et en	<i>7</i> 422.15	) at televisión i lekil. Siada d'hision i la c'an dan inne la l'estable de acianama i ve sterri met v	7422.15
1				-
Current Assets				
(a) Inventories		Section of the section of the section of		
(b) Financial Assets	automatica (e) iniciali, se case erropio el tracical effici y colo escreti cele unidar		TACAL PROPERTY AND	
i) Investments	6 6 1 2 2 2 2	Color Bouse of		Broken en en en en en
ii) Trade Receivables		•		Annual Control of Cont
iii) Cash & Cash equivalents		2388.72	0.00	2388.72
iv) Other Bank Balances	:	•	. •	
v) Loans .				
vi) Other Financial Assets		111.45	0.00	111.45
(c) Current Tax Assets (Net)				
(d) Other Current Assets		109.3 <i>7</i>	0.00	109.3 <i>7</i>
Total Current Assets (B)	100 PT 100 (100 PP)	2609.54	0.00	2609.54
			Turkki elektro atta alis 1 da 1 e 1 da	
Total Assets (A+B)	8 3 5 5 6 6	10031.69	0.00	10031.69
	Foot	Indian		
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	GAAP	Adjustment	Ind AS
Equity			(1) (2) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4	
(a) Equity Share Capital		9510.00	0.00	9510.00
(b) Other Equity	es e es	(101.32)	0.00	(101.32)
Equity attributable to equity holders of t	he company			
Non-Controlling Interests				10 per 12 (2 (2 )
Total Equity (A)	2	9408.68	0.00	9408.68



Liabilities	Foot Note	Indian GAAP	Adjustment	Ind AS
Non-Current Liabilities				
(a) Financial Liabilities				
i) Borrowings	6 96.00 00.00			erana se estados
ii) Trade Payables				
iii) Other Financial Liabilities				
(b) Provisions				**************************************
(c) Other Non-Current Liabilities	ill a service of the		Pugar pala rekonfes rekonstruktu	
Total Non-Current Liabilities (B)				
		Server Carety of Visconia	9 6 6 6 9 6 6	and the state of the state of
Current Liabilities			•	
(a) Financial Liabilities			<u> </u>	9.15
i) Borrowings		607.82	0.00	607.82
ii) Trade payables			3100000000	
iii) Other Financial Liabilities		4.86	0.00	4.86
(b) Other Current Liabilities		1.89	0.00	1.89
(c) Provisions		8.44	0.00	8.44
Total Current Liabilities (C)		623.01	0.00	623.01
Total Equity and Liabilities (A+B+C)	27 (28)	10031.69	0.00	10031.69



## Reconciliation of equity as at 31st March, 2016 (date of transition to Ind AS)

(Rs in Lakhs)

	Foot Note	Indian GAAP	Adjustment	Ind AS
ASSETS	arayan ku ili. Sangan kanalar	error agail octobring Except year on the contract		
Non-Current Assets				
(a) Property, Plant &Equipments		4004.63	0.00	4004.63
(b) Capital Work in Progress	managed the state of the state	1951.04	0.00	1951.04
(c) Exploration and Evaluation Assets	4 (8 54 (8)	1531.92	0.00	1531.92
(d) Investment Property	-			
(e) Intangible Assets	2612202			715737-01597-0148-9102
(f) Intangible Assets under Development				<u></u>
(g) Non-Current Assets Held for Sale	(S. 64) (G. 7G)	85 (86) (43) (5) (4) (4) (5)	J. J. S.	m taka sa na kanaka
(h) Financial Assets		-		
i) Investments				
ii) Loans				
iii) Other Financial Assets	400		F (5 10 00 00 00 10 10 0	778 978 373 573
(i) Deferred Tax Assets (net)				
(j) Other non-current assets	energy angular particle STR STR STR			
. Total Non-Current Assets (A)	*	7487.59	0.00	7487.59
Current Assets		***************************************		
(a) Inventories				
(b) Financial Assets				<u> </u>
i) Investments				
ii) Trade Receivables				
iii) Cash & Cash equivalents		2371.66	0.00	2371.66
iv) Other Bank Balances		9/92 <b>- 5 / 3 (</b>	0.00	237,1.00
v) Loans		Maries United the Company		
vi) Other Financial Assets		111.44	0.00	· 111.44
(c) Current Tax Assets (Net)			0.00	*,71*31
(d) Other Current Assets		199.40	0.00	199.40
Total Current Assets (B)	81 (S. 18) 44	2682.50	0.00	2682.50
Total Current / Gaseta (D)		2002.30	0.00	2002,50
Total Assets (A+B)		10170.09	0.00	10170,09
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Foot Note	Indian GAAP	Adjustment	Ind AS
Equity				
(a) Equity Share Capital .	<del>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</del>	9510	0.00	9510
(b) Other Equity	S. (Systematics)	(-101.32)	regress to extend a	(-101.32)
Equity attributable to equity holders of the company				
Non-Controlling Interests				
Total Equity (A)		9408.68	0.00	9408.68
Liabilities				
Non-Current Liabilities				
	r - 17400 (2.2016 SSI)	<u> </u>		
tal Financial Liabilities				
i) Borrowings ii) Trade Payables				



1 (2) E3 (5) (6)	Borneyon stryes (1)	60000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	disabilità di Spanor, seritari più della seritari di Spanor, seritari di Spanor, seritari di Spanor, seritari	A Control of the Cont	*** Contract (Contract (Co
e en en en		7 70 70 70 70 70	(0.65)
	***************************************	Simples of Societian annial September of Society of Philosophical Society and	
			vā ermer rijas
	743.62	0.00	743.62
		SECTION OF A STREET	, 10.02
	5.99	0.00	5.99
	2.29	0.00	2.29
	9.51	0.00	9.51
	761.41	0.00	761.41
	10170.09	0.00	10170.09
The second secon		5.99 2.29 9.51 761.41	5.99 0.00 2.29 0.00 9.51 0.00 761.41 0.00

Reconciliation of profit or Loss for the year ended 31.03.2016	(Rs in L	Indian	Adjust-	. Ind
	Note	GAAP	ments	AS
Revenue from Operations	11010	0//1	ments	_ N
Sales (Net)	eres in the second of the second seco	NIL	NIL	NIL
Other Operating Revenue (Net)		NIL	NIL	NIL
Revenue from Operations (A+B)		NIL	NIL	NIL
Other Income		NIL	NIL	NIL
Total Income (I+II)		NIL	NIL	NIL
EXPENSES		NIL	NIL	NIL
Cost of Materials Consumed		NIL	NIL	NIL
Changes in inventories of finished goods/work in progress and Stock in trade	1	NIL	NIL	NIL
Employee Benefits Expense		NIL	NIL	NIL
Power Expense		NIL	NIL	NIL
Corporate Social Responsibility Expense		NIL	NIL	NIL
Repairs		NIL	NIL	NIL
Contractual Expense		NIL	NIL	NIL
Finance Costs	4 44 6 8	NIL	NIL	NIL
Depreciation/Amortization/ Impairment expense		NIL	NIL	NIL
Provisions		NIL	NIL	NIL
Write off		NIL	NIL	NIL
Stripping Activity Adjustment		NIL	NIL	NIL
Other Expenses		NIL	NIL	NIL
Total Expenses (IV)		NIL	NIL	NIL
Profit before Tax (V-VI)		NIL	· NIL	NIL
Tax expense		NIL	NIL	NIL
Profit for the Period (IX+XII+XIII)		NIL	NIL	NIL
Other Comprehensive Income		NIL	NIL	NIL
A i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		NIL	NIL	NIL
ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	10.00	NIL	NIL	NIL.
B i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		NIL	NIL	NIL
ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		NIL	NIL	NIL®
Total Other Comprehensive Income		NIL	NIL	NIL
Total Comprehensive Income for the period (XIV+XV) (Comprising Profit (Loss)				
and Other Comprehensive Income for the period)		NIL	NIL	<b>NIL</b>



### r) Others

- a) Previous period's figures have been restated as per Ind AS and regrouped and rearranged wherever considered necessary.
- b) Previous period's figures in Note No. 1 to 38 are in brackets.
- c) Note 3 to 23 form part of the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2017 and 24 to 37 form part of Statement of Profit & Loss for the year ended on that date. Note 38 represents Significant Accounting Policies and Note 39 represents Additional Notes to the Financial Statements.

Signature to Note 1 to 39.

As per our report annexed

On behalf of the Board

(S.Rout) (Company Secretary/ Dy.Manager (Finance) (S.N. Sinha) CEO/GM (O.P.Singh)
Director
DIN-07627471

( K.K.Parida) Chairman DIN-07015077

As per our audit report of even date

For & on behalf of M/s M.K.Swain & Associates

Chartered Accountants

FRN — 323045E

CA M.K.Swain Partner, M.No-057573

Date: 28.04.2017
Place: Bhubaneswar



## MJSJ COAL LIMITED, ANGUL

## NOTE - 40 NOTES ON ACCOUNTS

MJSJ Coal Ltd. was incorporated on 13<sup>th</sup> August, 2008 as a subsidiary of MCL. The partners of this JVC are Mahanadi Coalfields Ltd. (60% Share), JSW Steel Ltd. (11% share), JSW Energy Ltd. (11% Share), Shyam Metallics & Energy Ltd. (9% Share) & Jindal Stainless Ltd. (9% Share). This Company has been formed in respect of Gopalprasad OCP (Western part of Gopalprasad (W) and Utkal – A of Talcher Coalfield. The normative capacity of the project is 15.00MTY and peak capacity is 20.00 MTY. The project is located at south central part of Talcher Coalfield.

### 2.0 SHARE CAPITAL:

Authorized Capital- Rs 20000 Lakhs. Issued capital – Rs. 9510 Lakhs.

Name of the Joint Venture	Share capital allotted (Rs. in lakh)	% Shares
MCL	5706.00	60%
JSW Steel Ltd	1046.10	11%
JSW Energy Ltd.	1046.10	11%
Jindal Stainless Ltd.	0855.90	09%
Shyam Metallics & Energy Ltd.	0855.90	09%
Total	9510.00	100%

- 3.0 The company has submitted a Bank Guarantee bearing No.50/48(6) issued by State Bank of India, Talcher, for an amount of Rs 22.448 Crores in favour of The President of India, acting through Ministry of Coal, Shastri Bhavan, New Delhi which has been renewed on 01.03.2017 for 7 months (upto 30.09.2017) vide no- 50/48(6) and under protest, since MJSJ Coal Ltd. is a Government Company.
- 4.0 A letter received from F.No-47011/7(6)/93-CPAM/CA from Govt. of India, Ministry of Coal ,dated 9<sup>th</sup> July,2013 regarding deduction of 20 % of BG (i.e., Rs 22.248 Crors) against which Company proceeding for appeal. This deduction is proposed to be made in view of the Company not being able to meet the targeted production by the specified/extended time limit.
- A notice of demand of Rs. 22, 33,130.00,Rs 42,95,380.00 & Rs 42,95,380.00(Advance Tax for FY-2015-16) has been served on the company by the Income Tax Department towards Income Tax due for the A.Y. 2011-12,2013-14 & FY 2015-16 respectively for which no provision has been made in the books of account. This sum includes Rs. 5,91,120.00 towards interest U/s 234(B) & 234(C) of Income Tax Act 1961. The management is of the view that the interest income attributable to the parking of Idle funds in short term Fixed Deposits is not liable to Income Tax as it is pre-operative in nature.

### For and on behalf of Board of Directors

(S.Rout)	(S.N. Sinha)
Company Secretary/	CEO, MJSJ Coal Ltd
Dy. Manager (Finance)	

(O.P.Singh) Director DIN-07627471 (K.K.Parida) Chairman DIN-07015077

Date: 28-04-2017 Place: Bhubaneswar

As per our report of even date For & on behalf of Ms M.K.Swain & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN – 323045E

CA M.K.Swain Partner, M.No-057573 (M.No -210526)



## Form No. MGT-9

## EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

[Pursuant to Section 92(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the As on the financial year ended on 31/03/2017 of MJSJ COAL LIMITED Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

# REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

U10200OR2008GOI01025	13/08/2008
) CIX-	ii) Registration Date:

MJSJ COAL LIMITED iv) Category of the Company: iii) Company Name

1 Public Company (√)

2 Private company ( ) v) Sub Category of the Company:- [ Please tick whichever are applicable]

Government Company One Person Company Small Company

Subsidiary of Foreign Company Guarantee Company Unlimited Company Limited by shares NBFC

Company Registered under Section 8 Company not having share capital Company having share capital

H.No.42, 1ST Floor, Hakimpra, Anand Nagar 759143 Odisha India Country Name Town / City Pin Code: vi) Address State

Email Address: Fax Number Website:

ceomisicoal@yahoo.co.in

06760-260945

vii) Whether shares listed on recognized Stock Exchange(s) - Yes/Nov/vii) Name, Address and Contact details of Registerer and Transfer agent, if any

Ī



## ACTIVITIES OF THE

All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated:-

100	1000	oal
of the		
turnover	Product/service	
total	NIC Code of the	Name and Description of main products / services
?		

SI. No.	SI. No. Name and Description of main products / services	Product/service	turnover of the			
1	Coal	1000	100			
=	PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES -	CIATE COMPANIE	- S			
S. NO	NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE COMPANY		CIN/GLN	HOLDING/ SUBSIDIARY / ASSOCIATE	% of shares held	Applicabl e Section
-	MAHANADI COALFIELDS LIMITED AT/PO-JAGRUTI VIHAR, BURLA, SAMBALPUR, Odisha-768020	U10	U10102OR1992GOI 003038	Holding	09	Sec - 2 (87)

## SHARE HOLDING PATTERN ≥

(Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity) i) Category-wise Share Holding

Category of Shareholders	No. of S	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year	e beginning of	the year	No. o	No. of Shares held at the end of the year	t the end of the	year	% Change
Category of original of the category	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	during the year
A. Promoter s									
(1) Indian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
a) Individual/ HUF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) Central Govt	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) State Govt(s)	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0
d) Bodies Corp.	0	95100000	95100000	10	0	95100000	95100000	10	0
e) Banks / Fi	0	0	0	0 .	0	0	0	0	0
f) Any other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total shareholding of Promoter(A)	0	95100000	95100000	10.	0	95100000	95100000	10	0



The state of the s					, .				
B. Public Shareholding									
1. Institutions				-		•			
a) Mutual Funds	0	0	О.	0	0 .	0	0	0	0
b) Banks / Fl	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) Central Govt	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d) State Govt(s)	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0
e) Venture Capital Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f) Insurance Companies	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g) Fils	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i) Others (specify)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-total (B)(1):-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2. Non-Institutions	-				,			-	
a) Bodies Corp.						1			
i) Indian	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ii) Overseas	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0
b) Individuals						•			
i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto Rs. 1	0 .	0	0	•	0	. •	0	0	0
lakh									
ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of									
Rs 1 lakh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) Others (specify)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-total (B)(2):-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+ (B)(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grand Total (A+B+C)	0	95100000	95100000	10	0	95100000	95100000	10	0
	•					•			



ii) NShareholding of Promoters

	Shareholding (	Shareholding at the beginning of the year	of the year	Share h	Share holding at the end of the year	d of the year	
 Shareholder's Name	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	%of Shares Pledged / encumbere d to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	%of Shares Pledged /encumbered to total shares	% change in share holding during the year
MAHANADI COALFIELDS LIMITED	57060000	09	0	0 57060000	09	0	0
JSW STEEL LIMITED	10461000	11	0	10461000	11	0	0
JSW ENERGY LIMITED	10461000	=	0	10461000	1	0	0
JINDAL STAINLESS LIMITED	8559000	6	0	8559000	6	0	0
SHYAM METALICS AND ENERGY LTD	8559000	6	0	8559000	6	Ō	0

iii) C	iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change)				
		Shareholding at the beginning of the year	1	Cumulative Shareholding during the year	during the
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
	At the beginning of the year	95100000	01	95100000	10
	specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc):	0	0	0	0
	At the End of the year	95100000	01	95100000	10



At the beginning of the year specifying the pear in Spareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase (e.g. allotment / transfer specifying the year (or on the date of separation, if separated during the year)  At the End of the year (or on the date of separation, if separated during the year)  Shareholding at the beginning of the Poetron (or of shares) (or of sha		o seem than in Shawbaldore (Athor than Directors Promot	ers and Holders of GI	ORs and ADRs):		•
Shareholders	arehoiding	rattern of top ten sharehouses (onto than on soons)	Shareholding at the be	ginning of the	Cumulative Shareholdir	ng during
Shareholders			, year	•	the year	
Shareholders				% of total		% of total shares of
holding during the year rease (e.g. allotment / transfer 0 0 0 0 0 65100000 10 95100000 10 95100000 10 95100000 10 95100000		For Each of the Top 10 Shareholders	No. of shares	shares of the company	No. of shares	the
holding during the year rease (e.g. allotment / transfer 0 0 0 f separation, if separated 95100000 110			0540000	u-	9510000	10
holding during the year rease (e.g. allotment / transfer 0 0 0 f separation, if separated 95100000 10	At the bo	ginning of the year	95 100000		2000166	?
rease (e.g. allotment / transfer 0 0 0 f separation, if separated 95100000 10	Date wis	e Increase / Decrease in Share holding during the year				•
f separation, if separated 95100000 10	specifyir	g the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer	•		c	<b>-</b>
f separation, if separated 95100000 10	/snuoq/	sweat equity etc):				>
95100001	At the Er	d of the year (or on the date of separation, if separated	6	Ç	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	\$
	during th	le vear)	95100000	n	000001 66	2

Chore	A charachalding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:				
*) 31101	٠	hareholding at the he	anning of the	Shareholding at the heainning of the Cumulative Shareholding during	gduring
.; S		ומוכווטוטוווק מו נוזכ טכ	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	the vear	)
Š		Year			1. 1. 1.
	For Each of the Directors and KMP		% of total		% or total
		No. of shares	shares of the	No, of shares	sidies of
			company		company
					U
	At the beginning of the year	<b>-</b>	0		>
	se in Sh				£1
	specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer	•		ć	~/č
	/ bonus/ sweat equity etc);	n	O		3
	At the End of the year	0	0	0	5

indebtedness of the Company including interest outstalluling accided but not decided the				
	Secured Loans excluding	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total
	deposits			Indeptedness
ndehtedness at the beginning of the financial year	ancial year			
	0	0	0	0
Interest due but not naid	0	0	0	0
iii) Interest accread but not due	0	0	0	0
I) Illiefest accluded but illy dec		0	0	o.



Change in Indebtedness during the		4	0	0
* Addition	0	0	0	0
* Reduction	0	0	0	0
Net Change	0	0	0	0
Indebtedness at the end of the	•			•
i) Principal Amount	.0	0	0	0
ii) Interest due but not paid	0	0	0	0
iii) Interest accrued but not due	0	0	0	0
Total (i+ii+iii)	0	0	0	0
REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND	OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEI	NEL		

<u>--</u>

A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:

		,				- 3
SI. No.	Particulars of Remuneration		Name of	Name of MD/WTD/ Manager	ager	Total &
					-	
,-	Gross salary	0	0	0	0	0
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-					
	tax Act, 1961					
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961					
٠.	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income- tax Act, 1961	-				
2	2 Stock Option					
ET.	Sweat Equity					
4	Commission - as % of profit - others, specify					
5	Others, please specify					
	Total (A)	0	0	0	0	0
	Ceiling as per the Act					



B. Remuneration to other directors:

			Γ	Τ	Τ	Т	Τ	T	Т	T	Τ	Τ	70	ार	ाट	7
	Total	Amount														
													C		10	
			_1			٠		<u> </u>								
	rectors												C			
	Name of Directors		1					0					-			
	Nan															
	,						-	O		-	_		0	0	-	
		ı.	1		: .	_		0								
		•														
	tion															
	iculars of Remuneration	-			etings					etings						
	rs of Re		;		ittee me		-			ittee me						
	Particula				comm				Director	comm						he Act
	<u>a</u>			rectors	g board		pecify		cutive E	g board		pecify			_	as per t
				dent D	attendin	sion	please s		on-Exe	attendin	sion	please s		1+2	anageria	Ceiling
				Independent Directors	Fee for attending board committee meetings	Commission	Others, please specify	Total (1)	Other Non-Executive Directors	Fee for attending board committee meetings	Commission	Others, please specify	Total (2)	Total (B) = (1 + 2)	Total Managerial	Overall Ceiling as per the
:	ġ			_	i	•			2						•	Ť

ان	C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MDIMANAGERIMTD	AGERMID			
			Key Managerial Personnel	al Personnel	
<u></u>	Particulars of Remuneration	CEO	Company	CFO	Total
Γ	Gross salary		Secretary y		
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	2395251	895253	0	0 3290504
		•			
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961	0	0	O	C
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income tax Act, 1961	0	C		
	Stock Option	O	0		
	Sweat Equity	0	o	0 0	٥
	Commission	0		0	٥
	- as % of profit	0		0	5 6
	others, specify	0	C	0	0
	Others, please specify	c			
-	Total	2395251	895253		3290504
			7	>	10000

# VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES;

)	Section of the	Brief	Details of Penalty /	Authority IRD /	Appeal made,
adk.	Companie s Act	Description	Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	NCLT/ COURT]	if any (give Details)
A. COMPANY					(c
Penalty	Ē	Ī	Ē	Ē	芝
Punishment	Ē	Ē	Ē	Ē	   <del>Z</del>
Compounding	Ē	Ē	Ē	Ē	Z
B. DIRECTORS					
Penalty	Ē	Ē	Ē	Ē	Z
Punishment	Ē	Ē	Ē	Ē	Z
Compounding	Ξ	Ē	Ē	Ē	Ž
C. OTHER OFFICERS IN DEFAULT	AULT				
Penalty	Ē	Ē	Ē	Ē	Z
Punishment .	Iii	II.N	Ē	Ē	Ē
Compounding	Ī	N	Ē	Ē	Ē